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(19) **United States**

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**Reed et al.** (43) **Pub. Date: Dec. 26, 2002**

(54) **OXIME-GROUP CONTAINING OESTRONE  
SULPHATASE INHIBITORS**

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

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Dec. 4, 1997 (GB) ..... 9725749.7

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**Publication Classification**

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(51) **Int. Cl.<sup>7</sup>** ..... **C07C 311/00; C07C 309/00;**  
**C07C 307/00; C07C 303/00**  
(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **558/48**

(57) **ABSTRACT**

(\*) **Notice:** This is a publication of a continued prosecution application (CPA) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d).

A sulphamate compound suitable for use as an inhibitor of oestrone sulphotase (E.C.3.1.6.2) is described. The compound is a polycyclic compound comprising at least two ring components, wherein the polycyclic compound comprises at least one sulphamate group attached to at least one of the ring components, and wherein at least one oxime group is attached to or is part of at least one of the ring components.

(21) **Appl. No.: 09/572,237**

(22) **Filed: May 17, 2000**

## In Vivo Inhibition (Rat Liver Sulphatase)

[0162] 99.2±0.42%. @ 2 mg/kg/dx5 ol, ORAL DOSE.

[0163] Examples 2 and 3 are further referenced in Annex 1.

## EXAMPLE 4

## Measurement of Estrogenic Activity

[0164] Compounds according to the present invention such as Compound 2 (such as at levels of 0.1 mg/Kg/day for five days) are administered orally to rats with another group of animals receiving vehicle only (propylene glycol). At the end of the study uteri are obtained and weighed with the results being expressed as uterine weight/whole body weightx100.

[0165] The results show that administration of Compound 2 has an effect on uterine growth, showing that the compound is oestrogenic.

[0166] All publications mentioned in the above specification are herein incorporated by reference. Various modifications and variations of the described methods and system of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. Although the invention has been described in connection with specific preferred embodiments, it should be understood that the invention as claimed should not be unduly limited to such specific embodiments. Indeed, various modifications of the described modes for carrying out the invention which are obvious to those skilled in chemistry or related fields are intended to be within the scope of the following claims.

1. A sulphamate compound suitable for use as an inhibitor of oestrone sulphatase (E.C. 3.1.6.2), wherein the compound is a polycyclic compound comprising at least two ring components, wherein the polycyclic compound comprises at least one sulphamate group attached to at least one of the ring components, and wherein at least one oxime group is attached to or is part of at least one of the ring components.

2. A sulphamate compound according to claim 1 wherein at least one sulphamate group attached to at least one of the ring components, and wherein at least one oxime group is attached to or is part of at least one of the other ring components.

3. A sulphamate compound according to claim 2 wherein the sulphamate group is distanced away from the oxime group.

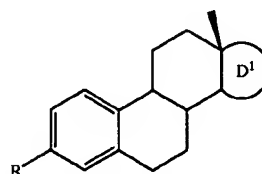
4. A sulphamate compound according to any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein the polycyclic compound has a steroidal structure.

5. A sulphamate compound according to claim 4 wherein the oxime group is attached to or is part of a steroidal D ring.

6. A sulphamate compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the polycyclic compound has a steroidal structure and wherein the sulphamate group is attached to the A ring.

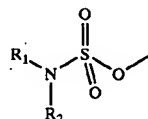
7. A sulphamate compound according to claim 6 wherein the sulphamate group is attached to the 3 position of the A ring.

8. A sulphamate compound according to claim 7 wherein the compound has the formula:



wherein R is a sulphamate group and D¹ represents the combination of a ring component attached to which or a part of which is the oxime group.

9. A sulphamate compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the sulphamate group has the formula:



wherein each of R₁ and R₂ is independently selected from H or a hydrocarbyl group.

10. A sulphamate compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the compound is not hydrolysable by an enzyme having steroid sulphatase activity.

11. A sulphamate compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the compound is capable of exhibiting an oestrogenic effect.

12. A sulphamate compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the oxime group is an anti isomer.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a sulphamate compound according to any one of the preceding claims admixed with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent, carrier or excipient.

14. Use of a sulphamate compound according to any one of claims 1 to 12 in the manufacture of a medicament to inhibit steroid sulphatase activity.

15. Use of a sulphamate compound according to any one of claims 1 to 12 in the manufacture of an oestrogenic composition.

16. A method of treatment comprising treating a subject with a sulphamate compound according to any one preceding claims 1 to 12 or a composition according to claim 13 and in an amount such that at least some steroid sulphatase inhibition occurs within the subject.

17. A method of treatment comprising treating a subject with a sulphamate compound according to any one preceding claims 1 to 12 or a composition according to claim 13 and in an amount such that at least some oestrogenic activity occurs within the subject.

18. A process for preparing a sulphamate compound according to any one of claims 1 to 12 comprising a sulphamylation step.

19. A sulphamate compound substantially as described herein.

\* \* \* \* \*



US006642397B1

(12) **United States Patent**  
Reed et al.(10) Patent No.: **US 6,642,397 B1**(45) Date of Patent: **Nov. 4, 2003**(54) **STEROID SULPHATASE INHIBITORS**(75) Inventors: **Michael John Reed, London (GB);  
Barry Victor Lloyd Potter, Avon (GB)**(73) Assignee: **Sterix Limited, Oxford (GB)**

(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

This patent is subject to a terminal disclaimer.

(21) Appl. No.: **09/579,163**(22) Filed: **May 25, 2000****Related U.S. Application Data**

(60) Division of application No. 09/238,345, filed on Jan. 27, 1999, now Pat. No. 6,187,766, which is a division of application No. 09/111,927, filed on Jul. 8, 1998, now Pat. No. 6,011,024, which is a continuation-in-part of application No. 08/458,352, filed on Jun. 2, 1995, now Pat. No. 5,830,886, which is a division of application No. 08/196,192, filed as application No. PCT/GB92/01587 on Aug. 28, 1992, now Pat. No. 5,616,574, said application No. 09/111,927, is a continuation-in-part of application No. PCT/GB97/03352, filed on Dec. 4, 1997, and a continuation-in-part of application No. PCT/GB97/00600, filed on Mar. 4, 1997, and a continuation-in-part of application No. PCT/GB97/00444, filed on Feb. 17, 1997.

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Aug. 28, 1991 (GB) ..... 9118478

(51) Int. Cl.<sup>7</sup> ..... **C07J 1/00**(52) U.S. Cl. .... **552/626**(58) Field of Search ..... **552/626**(56) **References Cited****U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

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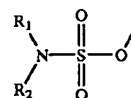
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(List continued on next page.)

*Primary Examiner*—Barbara P. Badio(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Frommer Lawrence & Haug; Thomas J. Kowalski(57) **ABSTRACT**

A method of inhibiting steroid sulphatase activity in a subject in need of same is described. The method comprises administering to said subject a steroid sulphatase inhibiting amount of a ring system compound; which ring system compound comprises a ring to which is attached sulphamate group of the formula



wherein each of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and aryl, or together represent alkylene optionally containing one or more hetero atoms or groups in the alkylene chain; and wherein said compound is an inhibitor of an enzyme having steroid sulphatase activity (E.C.3.1.6.2); and if the sulphamate group of said compound is replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound and incubated with a steroid sulphatase enzyme (E.C.3.1.6.2) at a pH 7.4 and 37° C. it would provide a K<sub>m</sub> value of less than 50 μM.

**19 Claims, 20 Drawing Sheets**

TABLE 1-continued

Inhibition of Oestrone Sulphatase Activity in MCF-7 Cells or Placental Microsomes by EMATE Analogues			
Inhibitor	Concentration Tested (mM)	% Inhibition (Mean)	
		MCF-7 Cells	Placental Microsomes
2-methoxy EMATE	0.1	96.0	—
	1	93.6	—
	10	96.2	99.0
	50	—	99.7
	100	—	99.7
2-nitro EMATE	0.05	—	44.5
	0.5	—	93.9
	5	—	99.0
	50	—	99.4
	20	—	99.0
4-nitro EMATE	0.1	96.4	97.2
NOMATE	1	99.1	99.5
(17-deoxy EMATE)	10	99.7	99.5
	25	99.7	99.7

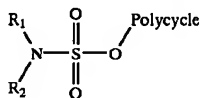
— = not tested

Irreversible time- and concentration-dependent inhibition is assumed for these compounds in keeping with established precedent (Biochemistry, 1995, 34, 11508-11).

Other modifications of the present invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

What is claimed is:

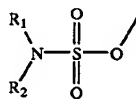
1. A purified compound of the formula



wherein each of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is independently selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and aryl; wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is H; and

wherein the group Polycycle is a ring system comprising at least four rings, at least three of which are fused; wherein the compound is an inhibitor of an enzyme having steroid sulphatase activity (E.C.3.1.6.2); wherein if the sulphamate group on the compound were to be replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound and incubated with a steroid sulphatase enzyme (E.C.3.1.6.2) at a pH 7.4 and 37° C. it would provide a  $\text{K}_m$  value of less than 50  $\mu\text{M}$ .

2. A purified compound comprising a steroidal ring structure and a sulphamate group of the formula



wherein each of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is independently selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and aryl; wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is H; and wherein the compound is an inhibitor of an enzyme having steroid sulphatase activity (E.C.3.1.6.2);

wherein if the sulphamate group on the compound were to be replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound and incubated with a steroid sulphatase enzyme (E.C.3.1.6.2) at a pH 7.4 and 37° C. it would provide a  $\text{K}_m$  value of less than 50  $\mu\text{M}$ .

3. A purified compound according to claim 2, wherein the steroidal ring structure is a residue of a 3-sterol.

4. A purified compound according to claim 3, wherein the sterol is selected from the group consisting of oestrone, dehydroepiandrosterones, substituted oestrones and substituted dehydroepiandrosterones.

5. A purified compound according to claim 1 wherein  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  are independently selected from H, or a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{10}$  alkyl; wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is H.

6. A purified compound according to claim 2 wherein  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  are independently selected from H, or a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{10}$  alkyl; wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is H.

7. A purified compound according to claim 1 wherein  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  are independently selected from H, or a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_5$  alkyl; wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is H.

8. A purified compound according to claim 2 wherein  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  are independently selected from H, or a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_5$  alkyl; wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is H.

9. A purified compound according to claim 1 wherein  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  are independently selected from H or methyl; wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is H.

10. A purified compound according to claim 2 wherein  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  are independently selected from H or methyl; wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  is H.

11. A purified compound according to claim 1 wherein  $\text{R}_1$  is H and  $\text{R}_2$  is H.

12. A purified compound according to claim 2 wherein  $\text{R}_1$  is H and  $\text{R}_2$  is H.

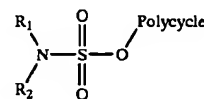
13. A purified compound according to claim 1 wherein the compound is any one of oestrone-3-sulphamate, oestrone-3-N-monomethylsulphamate.

14. A purified compound according to claim 3 wherein the compound is any one of oestrone-3-sulphamate, oestrone-3-N-monomethylsulphamate.

15. A purified compound according to claim 1 wherein the group Polycycle represents the residue of a sterol.

16. A purified compound according to claim 15 wherein the sterol is a 3-sterol.

17. A purified compound according to claim 2 wherein the compound is a compound of the formula



wherein the group Polycycle represents the residue of a 3-sterol, and wherein  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_2$  are H.

18. A purified compound according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the compound is Oestrone 3-sulphamate.

19. A purified compound according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the compound is Oestrone-3-N-monomethylsulphamate.

\* \* \* \* \*



US006187766B1

(12) **United States Patent**  
Reed et al.(10) **Patent No.:** US 6,187,766 B1(45) **Date of Patent:** Feb. 13, 2001(54) **STEROID SULPHATASE INHIBITORS**(75) **Inventors:** Michael John Reed, London; Barry Victor Potter, Avon, both of (GB)(73) **Assignee:** Imperial College of Science Technology & Medicine, London (GB)(\*) **Notice:** Under 35 U.S.C. 154(b), the term of this patent shall be extended for 0 days.(21) **Appl. No.:** 09/238,345(22) **Filed:** Jan. 27, 1999**Related U.S. Application Data**

(60) Division of application No. 09/111,927, filed on Jul. 8, 1998, now Pat. No. 6,011,024, which is a continuation-in-part of application No. 08/458,352, filed on Jun. 2, 1995, now Pat. No. 5,830,886, which is a division of application No. 08/196,192, filed on Dec. 27, 1994, now Pat. No. 5,616,574, and a continuation-in-part of application No. PCT/GB97/00600, filed on Mar. 4, 1997, and a continuation-in-part of application No. PCT/GB97/00444, filed on Feb. 17, 1997, and a continuation-in-part of application No. PCT/GB97/03352, filed on Dec. 4, 1997.

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Aug. 28, 1991 (GB) ..... 9118478

(51) **Int. Cl.<sup>7</sup>** ..... A61K 31/165(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... 514/178; 514/603; 514/604; 514/601(58) **Field of Search** ..... 514/178, 601, 514/603, 604(56) **References Cited****U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

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5,616,574	4/1997	Reed et al. .
5,677,292	10/1997	Li et al. .
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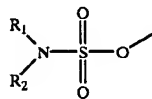
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**Primary Examiner**—Rebecca Cook(74) **Attorney, Agent, or Firm**—Frommer Lawrence & Haug LLP; Thomas J. Kowalski(57) **ABSTRACT**

A method of inhibiting steroid sulphatase activity in a subject in need of same as described.

The method comprises administering to said subject a steroid sulphatase inhibiting amount of a ring system compound; which ring system compound comprises a ring to which is attached a sulphamate group of the formula



wherein each of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and aryl, or together represent alkylene optionally containing one or more hetero atoms or groups in the alkylene chain; and wherein said compound is an inhibitor of an enzyme having steroid sulphatase activity (E.C.3.1.6.2); and if the sulphamate group of said compound is replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound and incubated with a steroid sulphatase enzyme (E.C.3.1.6.2) at a pH 7.4 and 37° C. it would provide a K<sub>m</sub> value of less than 50 μM.

**3 Claims, 26 Drawing Sheets**

TABLE 1-continued

Inhibition of Oestrone Sulphatase Activity in MCF-7 Cells or Placental Microsomes by EMATE Analogues			
Inhibitor	Concentration Tested (mM)	% Inhibition (Mean)	
		MCF-7 Cells	Placental Microsomes
2,4-n-dipropyl EMATE	100	—	23.7
	0.1	6.6	—
	1	10.6	—
2-allyl EMATE	0.01	23.2	—
	0.1	76.1	—
	1	94.2	45.6
4-allyl EMATE (approx 75%)	10	93.7	65.4
	25	—	75.3
	50	—	86.6
	100	—	89.6
	1	—	29.1
	10	—	54.2
2,4-di-allyl EMATE	25	—	59.0
	50	—	65.1
	100	—	71.9
	—	—	—
2-methoxy EMATE	0.1	96.0	—
	1	93.6	—
	10	96.2	99.0
	50	—	99.7
2-nitro EMATE	100	—	99.7
	0.05	—	44.5
	0.5	—	93.9
	5	—	99.0
4-nitro EMATE	50	—	99.4
	20	—	99.0
	0.1	96.4	97.2
	1	99.1	99.5
NOMATE (17-deoxy EMATE)	10	99.7	99.5
	25	99.7	99.7

— = not tested

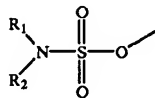
Irreversible time- and concentration-dependent inhibition is assumed for these compounds in keeping with established precedent (Biochemistry, 1995, 34, 11508-11).

Other modifications of the present invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

What is claimed is:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent and a ring system compound present in an amount to provide 100-500 mg of compound per unit dose;

wherein the ring system compound has a ring system and a sulphamate group of the formula:



wherein each of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and aryl, and at least one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is H;

wherein said compound is an inhibitor of an enzyme having steroid sulphatase activity (EC 3.1.6.2); and

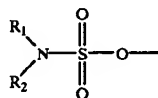
wherein when the sulphamate group of said compound is replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound it provides a substrate for a steroid sulphatase enzyme (EC 3.1.6.2); and

wherein when the sulphamate group of said compound is replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate

compound and incubated with a steroid sulphatase enzyme (EC 3.1.6.2) at a pH of 7.4 and 37° C. it provides a K<sub>m</sub> value of less than 50 μM.

2. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent and a ring system compound present in a pharmaceutically effective amount;

wherein the ring system compound has a ring system and a sulphamate group of the formula:



wherein each of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and aryl, and at least one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is H;

wherein the ring system has at least three rings, wherein at least two of those rings are fused;

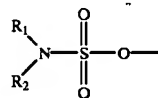
wherein said compound is an inhibitor of an enzyme having steroid sulphatase activity (EC 3.1.6.2); and

wherein when the sulphamate group of said compound is replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound it provides a substrate for a steroid sulphatase enzyme (EC 3.1.6.2); and

wherein when the sulphamate group of said compound is replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound and incubated with a steroid sulphatase enzyme (EC 3.1.6.2) at a pH of 7.4 and 37° C. it provides a K<sub>m</sub> value of less than 50 μM.

3. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent and a ring system compound present in a pharmaceutically effective amount;

wherein the ring system compound has a steroidal ring structure and a sulphamate group of the formula:



wherein each of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and aryl, and at least one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is H;

wherein said compound is an inhibitor of an enzyme having steroid sulphatase activity (EC 3.1.6.2); and

wherein when the sulphamate group of said compound is replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound it provides a substrate for a steroid sulphatase enzyme (EC 3.1.6.2); and

wherein when the sulphamate group of said compound is replaced with a sulphate group to form a sulphate compound and incubated with a steroid sulphatase enzyme (EC 3.1.6.2) at a pH of 7.4 and 37° C. it provides a K<sub>m</sub> value of less than 50 μM.

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : 6,187,766 B1  
DATED : February 13, 2001  
INVENTOR(S) : Reed et al.

Page 1 of 1

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

ON THE COVER PAGE:

Under [73] please change the Assignee from "Imperial College of Science Technology & Medicine, London, United Kingdom" to --Sterix Limited, Oxford, United Kingdom--.

Under [56], References Cited OTHER PUBLICATIONS:

Line 1, change "Stoler" to--Stolzner-- and

Line 6, change "Clausen" to --Claussen--.

ON THE COVER PAGE:

Under [73] please change the Assignee from "Imperial College of Science Technology & Medicine, London, United Kingdom" to --Sterix Limited, Oxford, United Kingdom--.

Under [56], References Cited OTHER PUBLICATIONS:

Line 1, change "Stoler" to--Stolzner-- and

Line 6, change "Clausen" to --Claussen--.

Signed and Sealed this

Twelfth Day of June, 2001

Attest:

*Nicholas P. Godici*

Attesting Officer

NICHOLAS P. GODICI  
Acting Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office



US005616574A

**United States Patent** [19]

Reed et al.

[11] **Patent Number:** 5,616,574[45] **Date of Patent:** Apr. 1, 1997[54] **STEROID SULPHATASE INHIBITORS**[75] **Inventors:** Michael J. Reed, London; Barry V. L. Potter, Bathford, both of United Kingdom[73] **Assignee:** Imperial College of Science, Technology and Medicine, United Kingdom[21] **Appl. No.:** 196,192[22] **PCT Filed:** Aug. 28, 1992[86] **PCT No.:** PCT/GB92/01587§ 371 **Date:** Dec. 27, 1994§ 102(e) **Date:** Dec. 27, 1994[87] **PCT Pub. No.:** WO93/05064**PCT Pub. Date:** Mar. 18, 1993[30] **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Aug. 29, 1991 [GB] United Kingdom ..... 9118478

[51] **Int. Cl.<sup>6</sup>** ..... A61K 31/165; C07J 1/00[52] **U.S. Cl.** ..... 514/178; 552/626[58] **Field of Search** ..... 552/626; 514/178, 514/171[56] **References Cited****FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS**

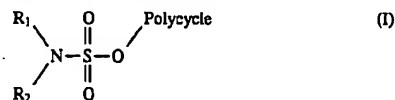
1398026 6/1975 United Kingdom.

**OTHER PUBLICATIONS**

Zeitschrift fur Chemie, Schwarz et al, 14 (1) 1974 pp. 15-16.

*Primary Examiner*—Rebecca Cook*Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Nixon & Vanderhye[57] **ABSTRACT**

Steroid sulphatase inhibitors and pharmaceutical compositions containing them for use in the treatment of oestrone dependent tumors, especially breast cancer. The steroid sulphatase are sulphamate esters of formula (I)



where R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are each H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl or aryl, or together represent an alkylene group optionally containing a heteroatom e.g. —O— or —NH—; and —O— polycycle represents the residue of a polycyclic alcohol such as a sterol, preferably a 3-sterol.

**12 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets**



TABLE V

Steroid Sulphatase Activity in Liver Microsome Preparations from Rats treated with subcutaneous Oestrone-3-sulphamate			
Treatment Group	Assay Substrate	Steroid Sulphatase Activity $\bar{x}$ (nmol/30 min/200 $\mu$ g protein)	% reduction over control
control (vehicle)	E <sub>1</sub> -S	20.95 $\pm$ 0.2	—
E <sub>1</sub> -SO <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	E <sub>1</sub> -S	0.34 $\pm$ 0.1***	98.4%
control (E <sub>1</sub> -S)	E <sub>1</sub> -S	20.6 $\pm$ 0.4	—
E <sub>1</sub> -S + E <sub>1</sub> -SO <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	E <sub>1</sub> -S	0.21 $\pm$ 0.03***	99.0%
control (vehicle)	DHA-S	1.73 $\pm$ 0.4	—
E <sub>1</sub> -SO <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	DHA-S	0.1 $\pm$ 0.01***	94.2%
control (E <sub>1</sub> -S)	DHA-S	1.71 $\pm$ 0.1	—
E <sub>1</sub> -S + E <sub>1</sub> -SO <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	DHA-S	0.09 $\pm$ 0.01***	94.7%

$\bar{x}$  mean  $\pm$  1 S.D. n = 3

\*\*\*p  $\leq$  0.001

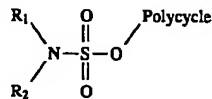
E<sub>1</sub>-S = oestrone-3-sulphamate

DHA-S = dehydroepiandrosterone-3-sulphate

E<sub>1</sub>-SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> = oestrone-3-N,N-dimethylsulphamate

We claim:

1. A compound of the formula



where R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are each independently selected from H and methyl, provided that at least one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen; and

the group —O— polycycle is a 3-sterol the sulfate of which is hydrolyzable by an enzyme having steroid sulphatase (E.C. 3.1.6.2) activity; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the sterol is selected from the group consisting of oestrone, dehydroepiandrosterone, a substituted oestrone, a substituted dehydroepiandrosterone, oestradiol, substituted oestradiol, ostriol and substituted ostriol.

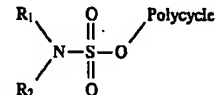
3. The compound according to claim 2, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen and R<sub>2</sub> is methyl.

4. The compound according to claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are both hydrogen.

5. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound is oestrone-3-sulphamate.

6. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound is oestrone-3-N-monomethylsulphamate.

7. A pharmaceutical composition comprising in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier a compound of the formula



where R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are each independently selected from H and methyl, provided that at least one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen; and

the group —O— polycycle is a 3-sterol the sulfate of which is hydrolyzable by an enzyme having steroid sulfatase (E.C. 3.1.6.2) activity;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

8. The composition according to claim 7, wherein the sterol is selected from the group consisting of oestrone, dehydroepiandrosterone, a substituted oestrone, a substituted dehydroepiandrosterone, oestradiol, substituted oestradiol, ostriol and substituted ostriol.

9. The composition according to claim 8, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen and R<sub>2</sub> is methyl.

10. The composition according to claim 7, wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are both hydrogen.

11. The composition according to claim 7, wherein the compound is oestrone-3-sulfamate.

12. The composition according to claim 7, wherein the compound is oestrone-3-N-monomethylsulfamate.

\* \* \* \* \*

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:49:06 ON 12 NOV 2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:49:10 ON 12 NOV 2003

L1               STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2               50 S L1  
L3               2415 S L1 FULL  
L4               STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L5               640 S L4 FULL SUB=L3

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:52:45 ON 12 NOV 2003

L6               147 S L5  
L7               1 S L6 NOT PY>=1992  
L8               1 S L6 NOT PY>=1991

=> d ibib ab fqhit 1-50

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 139:22385 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Phosphoric acid isomerization of a 5(10),9(11)-diene steroid to the corresponding 4,9-diene steroid  
 INVENTOR(S): Vaidyanathan, Rajappa  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 5 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

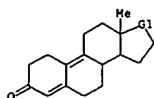
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003109728	A1	20030612	US 2002-315273	20021210
WO 2003053990	A1	20030703	WO 2002-US39357	20021210

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, ND, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CH, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:22385  
 AB The .DELTA.4,9-steroids I (R<sub>1</sub> = O, R = .alpha.- or .beta.-OH, silyl protected OH, acylonyl; R<sub>1</sub> = H, alkyl, Ph) were prepd. by reaction of .DELTA.5(10),9(11)-diene steroids II with a phosphorous contg. acid. Thus, 17.beta.-hydroxyandrost-5(10),9(11)-dien-3-one was treated with phosphoric acid at 20-25.degree. for 2 h followed by cooling to 10.degree. and addn. of DMF and water to give 17.beta.-hydroxyandrost-4,9-dien-3-one as ppt.

MSTR 1



G1 = C(O)  
 MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:379257 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Methods for the treatment of major depressive disorder using glucocorticoid receptor antagonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Peeters, Bernardus Wijnand Mathys Marie; Sennel, Cornelis  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Akzo Nobel N.V., Neth.  
 SOURCE: FCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

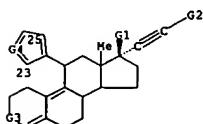
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003043640	A2	20030530	WO 2002-EP12854	20021118

W: AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BR, BZ, CA, CN, CO, CR, CU, DM, DZ, EC, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, MZ, ND, NZ, PH, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SE, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CH, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: EP 2001-204518 20011123  
 AB The invention provides a method for the treatment of a patient suffering from major depressive disorder by administering to the patient an effective amt. of a glucocorticoid receptor antagonist and to methods for establishing the optimal treatment regimen.

MSTR 1



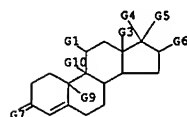
G2 = CHOH  
 MPL: claim 7

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:390583 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Skin-lightening agents containing substances which reduce tyrosinase and cosmetics containing the agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Sudo, Shigeru  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mikimoto Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.  
 CODEN: JYXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003155222	A2	20030527	JP 2001-351904	20011116
JP 2001-351904			JP 2001-351904	20011116

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:  
 AB Skin-lightening agents contain substances which reduce amt. of tyrosinase of human melanocytes. The substances may be steroids which show antagonistic activity on progesterone/glucocorticoid receptors and may be represented by I (R<sub>1</sub> = ethynyl, furyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, Ph, naphthyl, C6H4Ph, C10H7, 6-alkyl which may have several unsatd. bond, alkenyl; R<sub>2</sub> = Me, Et; R<sub>3</sub> = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, carbonylalkoxy, hydroxyalkyl; R<sub>4</sub> = H, OH, C10H7, 12-alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; R<sub>5</sub> = .alpha.- or .beta.-H, Me; X = O, syn- or anti-hydroxyimino, C1-45 alkoxyimino; A and B are bonded together to form .alpha.-epoxy group or optional double bond). Skin-lightening cosmetics contg. the agents are also claimed. Mifepristone significantly decreased amt. of tyrosinase in normal human epidermal melanocytes and the action was effective in the presence of forskolin or .alpha.-MSH. A cream contg. mifepristone was also formulated.

MSTR 1



MPL: claim 3

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:304438 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of 8.beta.-substituted 11.beta.-(para-substituted)aryl-estra-2,3,5(10)-triene derivatives as contraceptives and antiproliferatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Braeuer, Nico; Peters, Olaf; Hillisch, Alexander; Hegelschardt, Christa; Muhn, Peter  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering AG, Germany  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 18 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 10151114	A1	20030417	DE 2001-10151114	20011015
WO 2003033516	A1	20030424	WO 2002-EP11533	20021015

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, ND, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

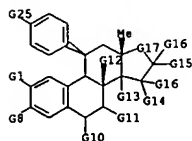
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CH, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003171345 A1 20030911 US 2002-270077 20021015  
 PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: DE 2001-10151114 20011015  
 US 2001-330728P 20011029

AB The present invention concerns 8.beta.-substituted 11.beta.-(para-substituted)phenyl-estra-1,3,5(10)-trienes, e.g., I (R<sub>2</sub> = H, I, Br, Cl, F, OH, (un)satd. O-(C1-6-alkyl) O-(C1-6-acyl), O2CPh, OCF3, OSO2NH2, OSO2NH-alkyl, OSO2N(alkyl)2, etc.; R<sub>3</sub> = OH, OSO2NH2, OSO2NH-alkyl, OSO2N(alkyl)2, O-aryl, O-heteroaryl, O-alkyl, etc.; R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> = H; R<sub>6'</sub> = H, OH, (un)satd. O-(C1-6-alkyl) O-(C1-6-acyl), O2CPh, OCF3, OSO2NH2, OSO2NH-alkyl, OSO2N(alkyl)2, etc.; R<sub>3</sub> = OH, OSO2NH2, OSO2NH-alkyl, OSO2N(alkyl)2, O-aryl, O-heteroaryl, O-alkyl, etc.; R<sub>7</sub> = H, halogen, OH, (un)satd. O-(C1-6-alkyl) O-(C1-6-acyl), O2CPh, OCF3, OSO2NH2, OSO2NH-alkyl, OSO2N(alkyl)2, etc.; R<sub>3</sub> = OH, OSO2NH2, OSO2NH-alkyl, OSO2N(alkyl)2, O-aryl, O-heteroaryl, O-alkyl, etc.; R<sub>8</sub> = straight or branched-chain, optionally partially or completely halogenated C1-5-alkyl, alkenyl, ethynyl, prop-1-ynyl; R<sub>14</sub> = H; R<sub>14</sub>R<sub>15</sub> = bond; R<sub>15</sub> = H; R<sub>15</sub>R<sub>16</sub> = bond; R<sub>15'</sub>, R<sub>16'</sub> = H, halogen, OH, (un)satd. O-(C1-6-alkyl) O-(C1-6-acyl), O2CPh, OCF3, OSO2NH2, OSO2NH-alkyl, OSO2N(alkyl)2, etc.; R<sub>3</sub> = OH, OSO2NH2, OSO2NH-alkyl, OSO2N(alkyl)2, O-aryl, O-heteroaryl, O-alkyl, etc.; R<sub>16</sub> = H; R<sub>17</sub>, R<sub>17'</sub> = H, H and halogen, H and O2CPh, H and OSO2OH deriv.; R<sub>17</sub>R<sub>17'</sub> = :CH-halogen, O, etc.; X = O, S, bond; Y = NH2, NH(C1-10-alkyl), N(C1-10-alkyl)2, NH(C3-7-cycloalkyl)2, N(C3-7-cycloalkyl)2; Z = (CH2)<sub>n</sub>; n = 1 - 12, etc.) and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Thus, estratrienediol II was prepd. from 3-methoxyestra-1,3,5(10)-trienone III via enol trifluoromethanesulfonylation, coupling reaction with 4-PhCH2OC6H4Sb<sub>2</sub>Sn<sub>3</sub>, hydrogenolytic debenzoylation, etherification with N-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperidine, and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis. The new compds. are useful for the contraception with men and women, without affecting other estrogenic-sensitive organs like the uterus or the liver. They are suitable also for the treatment of benign or malignant proliferative illnesses of the ovary, like ovarian carcinomas and granulosa cell tumors.

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

## MSTR 1



G17 = 88

HC—G18  
88

MPL: claim 1  
NTE: and pharmacologically acceptable salts with acids

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:248958 MARPAT  
TITLE: Methods and formulations of steroid compounds to modulate the immune and cellular response in various pathological states.  
INVENTOR(S): Ahlem, Clarence N.; Frincke, James M.; Dos Anjos De Carvalho, Luis Daniel; Heggie, William; Prendergast, Patrick T.; Reading, Christopher L.; Thadikonda, Krupakar Paul; Vernon, Russell N.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 161 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 675,470.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 9  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003060425	A1	20030327	US 2001-820483	20010329
2A 2001003845	A	20020513	2A 2001-3845	20010511
2A 2001003852	A	20020611	2A 2001-3852	20010511
WO 2002069977	A1	20020912	WO 2002-US6708	20020301

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

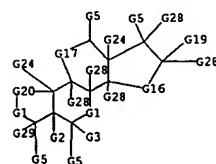
US 2003083231 A1 20030501 20020301  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
US 1998-109923P 19981124  
US 1998-109924P 19981124  
US 1998-110127P 19981127  
US 1998-112206P 19981215  
US 1999-124087P 19990311  
US 1999-126056P 19990323  
US 1999-137745P 19990603  
US 1999-140028P 19990616  
US 1999-145823P 19990727  
US 1999-414905 19991008  
US 1999-161453P 19991025  
US 1999-449004 19991124  
US 1999-449042 19991124  
US 1999-449184 19991124  
US 1999-461026 19991215  
US 2000-535675 20000323  
US 2000-586672 20000601  
US 2000-586673 20000601  
US 2000-675470 20000928  
US 2000-257071P 20001220  
US 2001-272624P 20010301  
US 2001-820483 20010329  
US 2001-323016P 20010910

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

US 2001-328738P 20011011  
US 2001-340054P 20011101  
US 2001-338015P 20011108  
US 2001-340045P 20011130  
US 2001-343523P 20011220

AB The invention provides compns. comprised of steroids, e.g., 16.alpha.-bromo-3.beta.-hydroxy-5.alpha.-androstane-17-one hemihydrate and one or more excipients, including compns. that comprise a liq. formulation comprising less than about 3% vol./vol. water. The compns. are useful to make improved pharmaceutical formulations. The invention also provides methods of intermittent dosing of steroid compns. such as analogs of 16.alpha.-bromo-3.beta.-hydroxy-5.alpha.-androstane-17-one and compns. useful in such dosing regimens. The invention further provides compns. and methods to inhibit pathogen replication, ameliorate symptoms assocd. with immune dysregulation and to modulate immune responses in a subject using the compns. The invention also provides methods to make and use these immunomodulatory compns. and formulations.

## MSTR 1A



G1 = 199



G16 = CH2 (50)  
G17 = CH2 (50)  
G20 = CH2CH2 (50)  
MPL: claim 1  
NTE: additional ring, double bond, oxo and thioxo formation also claimed or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides or prodrugs

L10 ANSWER 6 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

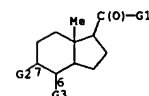
ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:170081 MARPAT  
TITLE: Preparation of optically active pyridyl alcohols via optical resolution of diastereomers  
INVENTOR(S): Matsuyoshi, Masato; Nojima, Masatomo; Kita, Yasuyuki  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daiso Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.  
CODEN: JX00AF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003048896	A2	20030221	JP 2001-233119	20010801

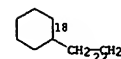
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
JP 2001-233119 20010801

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:170081  
AB Optically active pyridyl alcs. trans-I (R1 = (un)substituted lower alkyl, halo; n = 3-5) are prepd. by esterification of (+-)-trans-I with optically active carboxylic acids cis-II [X = OH, alkoxy, halo; R2, R3 = (un)substituted alkyl; R2R3 may form ring], dissolving diastereomers into water-insol. org. solvents, washing with acidic aq. solns. for sepn. of diastereomers into org. and aq. layers, and reduct. or hydrolysis of esters. (+-)-Trans I (R1 = H, n = 4) was esterified with 3.beta.-acetoxy-Delta.5-etiocolonic acid chloride to give 90% diastereomer mixt., which was dissolved into Et2O, washed with aq. HCl, and reduced by LiAlH4 to give 68% (+)-trans-I (R1 = H, n = 4) with 77% ee from the org. layer and 90% (-)-trans-I (R1 = H, n = 4) with 93% ee from the aq. layer.

## MSTR 2



G2 + G3 = 18-7 22-6



MPL: claim 1  
NTE: also incorporates claim 10

L10 ANSWER 7 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:370278 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of substituted pregna-1,3,5(10)-triene derivatives for pharmaceutical use  
 INVENTOR(S): Hesse, Robert Henry; Setty, Sundara Katugam Srinivasasetty; Pachet, Maurice Murdoch; Gile, Michael  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Marsden, John Christopher, UK; Research Institute for Medicine and Chemistry Inc.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002092100	A1	20021121	WO 2002-GB2210	20020513

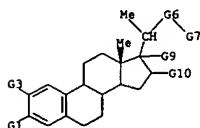
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-290013P 20010511

AB Pregna-1,3,5(10)-triene derivs., such as 1 (R1 = H, hydroxy protecting group; R2 = OH, CHO, alkoxyl, alkenyl, alkyl, etc.; R3 = .alpha.-.beta.-Me; X = C1-3 alkylene group, bond; Y = C(R4)(R5)NR6R7; R4, R5 = H, alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl groups, such that the total carbon content of R4 and R5 does not exceed three atoms; R6 = H, aliph. or araliph. org. group, acyl, etc.; C16-C17 = satd., unsatd.), were prepd. for a variety of therapeutic uses, such as modulating cell activity, including antiproliferative and antiangiogenic effects. Thus, pregna-1,3,5(10)-triene derivs. II (Y = NR2, NHC(OMe)) were prepd. via a multistep synthetic series starting from 2-methoxy-3-[[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]-estra-1,3,5(10)-trien-17-one and ethyltriphenylphosphonium bromide. Pharmaceutical compns. of the prepd. compds. were discussed, but specific pharmaceutical activity testing data was not presented.

MSTR 1



L10 ANSWER 8 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:363699 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of hapten-linker-large group conjugates for use in a rapid kinetic-based immunoassay and specific application to steroid detection  
 INVENTOR(S): Cook, Christian John; Wu, Yinqiu; Mitchell, John Stanton  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited, N. Z.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 76 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002092631	A1	20021121	WO 2002-NZ92	20020514

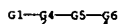
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

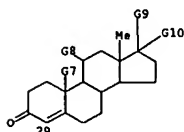
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: NZ 2001-511705 20010514

AB A hapten-linker-large group conjugate for use in a rapid assay, wherein the assay is kinetic-based not approaching equil., the hapten-linker-large group conjugate being of the general formula: X - W - Y - Z wherein: X is a hapten; W is an optional thioether or ether group; Y is a linker of 10 or more atoms in length and Z is a large group of sufficient size to provide steric hindrance with respect to the binding of X to a ligand in the absence of Y. Also provided are processes for the prodn. of the conjugates, assay methods and kits.

MSTR 1



G1 - 29



MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 7 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: total carbon carbon content of G8 does not exceed three atoms  
 NTE: substitution is restricted  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 8 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 9 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:353214 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of 17.alpha.-(cycloalkylcarbonyloxy)androstane-17.beta.-carboxylic acid derivatives as anti-inflammatory agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Biggadike, Keith; Jones, Paul; Payne, Jeremy John  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glaxo Group Limited, UK  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

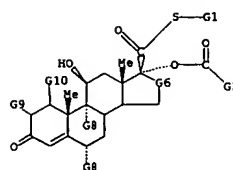
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002088167	A1	20021107	WO 2002-GB1971	20020430
V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2001-10578 20010430  
 GB 2001-27988 20011122  
 GB 2002-2442 20020202  
 GB 2002-2637 20020205

AB The title compds. I [R1 = C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 haloalkyl; R2 = C3-8 cycloalkyl, C3-8 cycloalkenyl; R3 = H, Me (which may be in either the .alpha. or .beta. configuration), methylene; R4, R5 = H, halogen; dashed bond = single or double bond], and solvates thereof, were prepd. for treatment of inflammatory and allergic conditions. Thus, 6.alpha.,9.alpha.-difluoro-11.beta.,17.alpha.-dihydroxy-16.alpha.-methyl-3-oxo-androsta-1,4-diene-17.beta.-carboxylic acid was treated with cyclobutanecarbonyl chloride and the product was treated with BrCH2F to afford 6.alpha.,9.alpha.-difluoro-11.beta.-hydroxy-16.alpha.-methyl-7.alpha.-(cyclobutanecarbonyloxy)-3-oxo-androsta-1,4-diene-17.beta.-carboxylic acid S-fluoromethyl ester (II). II showed an EC50 value of <2 nM in a functional in vitro assay of glucocorticoid agonist activity.

MSTR 1

L10 ANSWER 9 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



G6 = 34

HC-G7

MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: and solvates

REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 10 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:6179 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of triterpenoid derivatives in the treatment of a proliferative disorder  
 INVENTOR(S): Hajduch, Marian; Sarek, Jan  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Univerzita Palackeho v Olomouci, Czech Rep.; Univerzita Karlova v Praze; Cyclacel Limited  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 55 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001090046	A1	20011129	WO 2001-GB2309	20010523
V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2000-12528 20000523  
 GB 2000-12823 20000525  
 WO 2001-GB2309 20010523

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:6179

AB Triterpenoid derivs., such as I [R1 = CHOC(O)OR11, CHOC(O)OR12, CHOC(O)OR13, CHOC(O)OR14, CHOC(O)OR15, CHOC(O)OR16, CHOC(O)OR17, CHOC(O)OR18, CHOC(O)OR19, CHOC(O)OR20, CHOC(O)OR21, CHOC(O)OR22, CHOC(O)OR23, CHOC(O)OR24, CHOC(O)OR25, CHOC(O)OR26, CHOC(O)OR27, CHOC(O)OR28, CHOC(O)OR29, CHOC(O)OR30, CHOC(O)OR31, CHOC(O)OR32, CHOC(O)OR33, CHOC(O)OR34, CHOC(O)OR35, CHOC(O)OR36, CHOC(O)OR37, CHOC(O)OR38, CHOC(O)OR39, CHOC(O)OR40, CHOC(O)OR41, CHOC(O)OR42, CHOC(O)OR43, CHOC(O)OR44, CHOC(O)OR45, CHOC(O)OR46, CHOC(O)OR47, CHOC(O)OR48, CHOC(O)OR49, CHOC(O)OR50, CHOC(O)OR51, CHOC(O)OR52, CHOC(O)OR53, CHOC(O)OR54, CHOC(O)OR55, CHOC(O)OR56, CHOC(O)OR57, CHOC(O)OR58, CHOC(O)OR59, CHOC(O)OR60, CHOC(O)OR61, CHOC(O)OR62, CHOC(O)OR63, CHOC(O)OR64, CHOC(O)OR65, CHOC(O)OR66, CHOC(O)OR67, CHOC(O)OR68, CHOC(O)OR69, CHOC(O)OR70, CHOC(O)OR71, CHOC(O)OR72, CHOC(O)OR73, CHOC(O)OR74, CHOC(O)OR75, CHOC(O)OR76, CHOC(O)OR77, CHOC(O)OR78, CHOC(O)OR79, CHOC(O)OR80, CHOC(O)OR81, CHOC(O)OR82, CHOC(O)OR83, 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L10 ANSWER 11 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

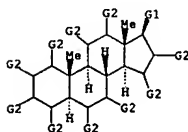
ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:318612 MARPAT  
 TITLE: A process for the preparation of 7.alpha.-hydroxy 3-aminosubstituted sterols using intermediates with an unprotected 7.alpha.-hydroxy group  
 INVENTOR(S): Kinney, William A.; Zhang, Xuehai; Michalak, Ronald  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genesera Corporation, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001079255	A1	20011025	WO 2001-US12004	20010412
V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 1274718 A1 20030115 EP 2001-926924 20010412 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR JP 2003531148 T2 20031021 JP 2001-576852 20010412 US 2003171576 A1 20030911 US 2002-268660 20021011 US 2000-196646P 20000412 WO 2001-US12004 20010412				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:318612

AB An efficient method for the synthesis of aminosterol compds. such as squalamine and compd. 1436 is described. A method of the invention provides for regioselective oxidn. and regioselective sulfonation of a fused ring system. The fused ring base can be, for example, a steroid ring base. The aminosterol compds. are effective as, among others, antibiotics, antiangiogenic agents and MHE3 inhibitors. Thus, squalamine and compd. 1436 intermediate I (R = SO<sub>3</sub>H) was prepd. by the regioselective oxidn. of II (R = CH<sub>2</sub>OH) with NaOCl and TEMPO to give II (R = CHO), and regioselective sulfonation of I (R = H).

MSTR 1



L10 ANSWER 12 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:318608 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of 8.beta.-hydrocarbyl-substituted estratrienes for use as selective estrogens  
 INVENTOR(S): Peters, Olaf; Hillisch, Alexander; Thieme, Ina; Elger, Walter; Hegeler-Hartung, Christa; Kollenkirchen, Uwe; Fritzscheier, Karl-Heinrich; Patchev, Vladimír  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Aktiengesellschaft, Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001077139	A1	20011018	WO 2001-EP4290	20010412
V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG DE 10019167 A1 20011018 DE 2000-10019167 20000412 EP 1272504 A1 20030108 EP 2001-931609 20010412 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR BR 2001009983 A 20030225 BR 2001-9983 20010412 BG 107173 A 20030530 BG 2002-107173 20021008 NO 2002004908 A 20021113 NO 2002-4908 20021011 US 2003176405 A1 20030918 US 2003-257288 20030401 DE 2000-10019167 20000412 US 2000-207370P 20000526 WO 2001-EP4290 20010412				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				

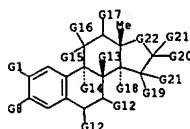
AB The invention relates to novel 8.beta.-substituted estratrienes I [R<sub>2</sub> = H, halogen, straight or branched (un)satd. C1-6-alkyl, alkoxy, CF<sub>3</sub>, sulfonamide; R<sub>3</sub> = alkoxy, sulfonamide, acyloxy; R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> = H; R<sub>6</sub>R<sub>7</sub> = bond; R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> = H, halogen, alkoxy, sulfonamide; R<sub>8</sub> = a straight- or branched-chained, optionally partially or completely halogenated C1-5-alkyl, alkenyl, ethynyl, prop-1-ynyl; R<sub>9</sub> = H, straight or branched (un)satd. C1-5-alkyl; R<sub>9</sub>R<sub>11</sub> = bond; R<sub>11</sub> = H; R<sub>11</sub>R<sub>12</sub> = bond; R<sub>11</sub> = H, halogen, a straight- or branched-chained, optionally partially or completely fluoro- or chloro-C1-4-alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio; R<sub>12</sub> = H; R<sub>14</sub> = H; R<sub>14</sub>R<sub>15</sub> = bond; R<sub>15</sub> = H; R<sub>15</sub>R<sub>16</sub> = bond; R<sub>15</sub>, R<sub>16</sub> = H, halogen, alkoxy, sulfonamide; R<sub>16</sub> = H; R<sub>17</sub>, R<sub>17</sub>' = H, H and halogen, H and OCH<sub>2</sub>Ph, H and sulfonamide, alkyl and acyl or acyloxy, alkoxy and alkyl, alkoxy and acyloxy; R<sub>17</sub>R<sub>17</sub>' = :CH<sub>2</sub>; :CH<sub>2</sub>AR<sub>25</sub>/R<sub>24</sub>, R<sub>25</sub> = halogen; R<sub>24</sub>R<sub>25</sub> = O]. Thus, vinyl estradiol II was prepd. from extra-1,3,5(10)-tetraenone III in 8 steps. The inventive estratrienes are used as pharmaceutically active substances that have in vitro a higher affinity to estrogen receptor prepn. of rat prostate than to estrogen receptor prepn. of rat uterus and which in vivo preferably have a preferential effect on bone material as compared to uterus and/or a pronounced effect with respect to the stimulation of the expression of SHY2a receptor and transporter. II showed a relative binding affinity for the estrogen receptor of 1 in rat uterus and of 83 in rat prostate. The invention further relates to the prodn. of these novel compds., to their use in therapy and to the

L10 ANSWER 11 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

MPL: claim 2  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 12 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 pharmaceutical forms of administration that contain said novel compds. The invention further describes the use of said compds. for treating estrogen-deficiency related diseases and conditions and to the use of an 8.beta.-substituted estratriene structural part in the overall structures of compds. that are characterized by a disocn. in favor of their estrogen effect on the bone as compared to the uterus.

MSTR 1A



G22 = 74



MPL: claim 1

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 13 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:227248 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of amino acid derivatives as HIV aspartyl protease inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Stranix, Brent Richard; Sauve, Gilles; Bouzide, Abderrahim Sevigny, Guy; Yelle, Jocelyn  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacor Inc., Can.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 158 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001068593	A2	20010920	WO 2001-CA296	20010307
WO 2001068593	A3	20020228		

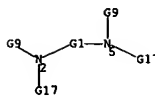
V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LA, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 US 6455587 B1 20020924 US 2000-526209 20000315  
 EP 1263716 A2 20021211 EP 2001-914865 20010307  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-526209 20000315  
 WO 2001-CA296 20010307

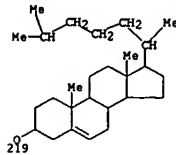
AB The invention relates to a class of amino acid derivs. I [W = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>-XX-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, where n = 1-5, XX = O, NR<sub>5</sub> (R<sub>5</sub> = H, alkyl), S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>; Cx = CO<sub>2</sub>M (M is an alkali or alk. earth metal), CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>5</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CONR<sub>5</sub>R<sub>6</sub> (R<sub>6</sub> = H, alkyl), CONHOR, Fmoc-Lys-NR<sub>6</sub>CO (Fmoc = 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl), benzylloxycarbonyl or tetrazolyl; R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = H, MeSO<sub>2</sub>C, alkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, arylalkyl or heterocyclylalkyl having a defined structure; R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> = H, CHO, CF<sub>3</sub>, acyl or sulfonyl groups (e.g., 4-PhCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CONHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>, camphor-10-CH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>, naphthyl-SO<sub>2</sub>, fluorenyl-SO<sub>2</sub>, and quinoline-SO<sub>2</sub>), arylalkyl of defined structure] or pharmaceutically acceptable ammonium salts having HIV aspartyl protease inhibitory properties. Thus, N.alpha.-isobutyl-N.alpha.-tosyl-N.epsilon.-Fmoc-L-lysine (II) was prepd. from N.epsilon.-benzyloxycarbonyl-L-lysine benzyl ester by N-alkylation using isobutyraldehyde, N-tosylation, hydrogenolysis, and protection with Fmoc-O-succinimide. Compd. II showed K<sub>i</sub> = 4.3 nM for inhibition of HIV aspartyl protease.

MSTR 1

L10 ANSWER 13 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



G18 - 219



MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: and pharmaceutically acceptable ammonium salts

L10 ANSWER 14 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:147769 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Method of increasing alertness by administration of a vomeropherin, and vomeropherin-emitting alarm devices  
 INVENTOR(S): Berliner, David L.; Monti, Louis; Jennings-White, Clive L.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pherin Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001056577	A1	20010809	WO 2001-US3572	20010202

V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SH, TD, TG  
 US 6544971 B1 20030408 US 2000-498830 20000204  
 EP 1251856 A1 20021030 EP 2001-905412 20010202  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR  
 JP 2003523329 T2 20030805 JP 2001-556476 20010202  
 US 2000-498830 20000204  
 WO 2001-US3572 20010202

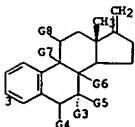
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-556476 20010202  
 US 2000-498830 20000204  
 WO 2001-US3572 20010202

AB A method of increasing alertness in an individual by administering an effective amt. of an alertness-increasing vomeropherin to the individual and an alarm device that, when activated, emits an alertness-increasing vomeropherin. The method and device are esp. useful in increasing alertness in individuals who are not readily responsive to usual external stimuli.

MSTR 1

G1—G2

G2 - 3



MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 14 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

NTE: or salts

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

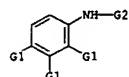


L10 ANSWER 15 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:66070 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation and use of a composition based on lipid lamellar vesicles incorporating an aminophenol derivative  
 INVENTOR(S): Chevalier, Veronique; Simonnet, Jean Thierry; Le Verge, Danielle  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): L'oreal, Fr.  
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 27 pp.  
 CODEN: FRXXBL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

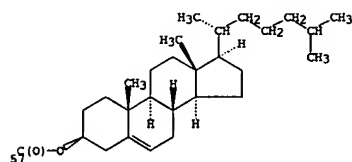
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2796838	A1	20010202	FR 1999-9663	19990726
FR 2796838	B1	20030523		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 1999-9663 19990726  
 AB The present invention concerns a compn. comprising vesicles formed from phases of lamellar lipids dispersed in an aq. phase, whereby the lamellar phases incorporate at least one aminophenol deriv. comprising a fatty acid chain with a polar head bound to a nitrogen atom of said aminophenol. The vesicles may have oily cores (oleosomes) or aq. cores (niosomes or liposomes). The aminophenol deriv. preferred is N-cholesterylloxycarbonyl-4-para-aminophenol. The compn. is suitable for use in cosmetics.

MSTR 1



G2 = 57



MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 17 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 133:351719 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Amphiphilic cyclodextrins, their preparation and use for solubilizing and transporting hydrophobic molecules in aqueous media  
 INVENTOR(S): Auzely-Velty, Rachel; Perly, Bruno; Djedaini-Pillard, Florence  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Commissariat a l'Energie Atomique, Fr.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 200006635	A1	20001109	WO 2000-FR1102	20000426
FR 2792942	A1	20001103	FR 1999-5460	19990429
FR 2792942	B1	20010608		
EP 1177217	A1	20020206	EP 2000-922751	20000426

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI  
 JP 2002543249 T2 20021217 JP 2000-615663 20000426  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 1999-5460 19990429  
 WO 2000-FR1102 20000426  
 AB Cyclodextrin derivs. of formula I [R1 = steroid residue; R2 = (un)substituted alkyl or aryl; R3 = H, R2; R4 = OR2, or 1 R4 = NHCO(CH2)mCONHR1] are useful for transporting hydrophobic mols. for pharmaceutical or cosmetic uses, by forming organized systems in an aq. medium, independently or assocd. with phospholipids. Thus, 6-azido-6-deoxy-.beta.-cyclodextrin was methylated on the OH groups in the 2 and 6 positions to a tridecanethyl ether, which was converted to the amine, treated with succinic anhydride, and the product amidated with cholest-5-en-3.alpha.-ylamine to give I (R1 = cholest-5-en-3.alpha.-yl, R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = OMe, m = 2, n = 6) (II). An aq. soln. of II at a concn. above its crit. micelle concn. formed spherical nanoparticles of diam. 60 .ANG., which could form inclusion compds. with fatty acids and other hydrophobic mols.

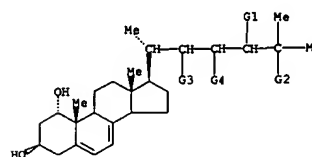
MSTR 1

L10 ANSWER 16 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:252525 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation and formulation of active vitamin D derivatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Tachibana, Yoji  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nissin Flour Milling Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.  
 CODEN: JXOQAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001089442	A2	20010403	JP 1999-265363	19990920
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-265363	19990920

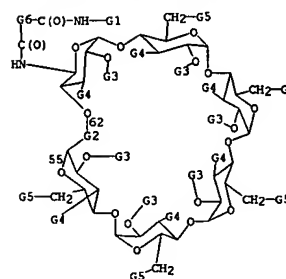
AB Vitamin D derivs. of formula I (R1, R2 = H, Et, Pr, Bu; R3 = H, OH) are prepd. as bone d. improvers, differentiation inducers, cell multiplication inhibitors, and immunoregulators without causing hypercalcemia. Thus, II was prepd. and shown to be effective in the vitamin D receptor affinity test with a B/BO 50% of 0.01, and was tested against HL-60 cells in the NBT appraisal test. Pharmaceutical compns. contg. I are described.

MSTR 2

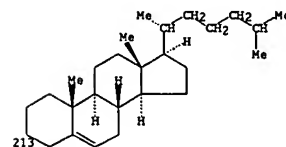


MPL: claim 4

L10 ANSWER 17 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



G1 = 213

MPL: claim 1  
NTE: substitution is restricted

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 18 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 133:329573 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Cyclic compounds for cell cycle arrest  
 INVENTOR(S): Reed, Michael John; Potter, Barry Victor Lloyd  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Steris Limited, UK  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXX02  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000066095	A2	20001109	WO 2000-GB1661	20000428
WO 2000066095	A3	20010809		
V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MV, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1173182	A2	20020123	EP 2000-929660	20000428
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002543114	T2	20021217	JP 2000-614980	20000428
ZA 2001008363	A	20021011	ZA 2001-8363	20011011
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
GB 1999-10166 19990430				
US 1999-139520P 19990616				
GB 2000-2113 20000128				
WO 2000-GB1661 20000428				

AB There is provided use of a cyclic compd., or a pharmaceutically active salt thereof, in the manuf. of a medicament to prevent and/or inhibit and/or arrest cell cycling, wherein the cyclic compd. comprises at least one ring, wherein Group I and Group II, independently of each other, are attached to a ring of the cyclic compd., wherein Group I is a hydrocarbyl or an  $\alpha$ -hydrocarbyl group; and wherein Group II is (R) (Z) (O)X(i)Y [X = P, S; when X = P, Y is :O or S, Z = OH and R = hydrocarbyl, H; when X = S, Y, Z = :O, R = hydrocarbyl, N(R1)(R2); R1, R2 = H, hydrocarbyl]. Prepn. and activity of e.g. 2-methoxyestrone 3-O-sulfamate against breast cancer cells are described.

MYTR 1



G1 = 21-1 20-3

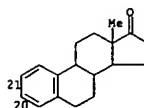
L10 ANSWER 19 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 133:177347 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Unsaturated cholestane derivatives and their use for the preparation of meiosis regulating medicaments  
 INVENTOR(S): Blume, Thorsten; Esperling, Peter; Kuhnke, Joachim; Hegeler-Hartung, Christa; Lessl, Monika  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering A.-G., Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXX02  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000047604	A1	20000817	WO 2000-EP1074	20000209
V: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MV, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2359687	AA	20000817	CA 2000-2359687	20000209
BR 200008065	A	20011106	BR 2000-8065	20000209
EP 1150993	A1	20011107	EP 2000-910664	20000209
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002536456	T2	20021029	JP 2000-598521	20000209
NO 2001003901	A	20010810	NO 2001-3901	20010810
ZA 2001007387	A	20021206	ZA 2001-7387	20010906
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
EP 1999-250040 19990210				
WO 2000-EP1074 20000209				

AB This invention relates to pharmaceutically active unsatd. cholestane derivs., (I) [R1 = H, C2-6 (un)substituted alkyl, substituted Ph, CN, CH2-NH-COA (A = C1-8 (un)substituted alkyl etc.); R2 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, hydroxyalkyl etc.; R3 = H, R3R6 = bond double; R4, R7 = H, Me; R5 = H or R2R5 = benzylidene etc.; R8R9 or R8R10 = bond double; R9, R10 = H, R10R11 = bond double; R12, R13 = H or R12R13 = bond double] to pharmaceutical compns. comprising them as active substances and to the use of these novel compds. for the prepn. of medicaments. Thus, I (R1 =  $\alpha$ -CH; R2, R5, R12, R13 = H; R3R6, R8R9, R10R11 = bond double; R4, R7 = Me) was prepd. starting from I (R1 + R2 = R3R6, R8R9, R10R11 = bond double; R5, R12, R13 = H; R4, R7 = Me) via cyanation. More particularly it has been found that the unsatd. cholestane derivs. of the invention can be used for regulating meiosis.

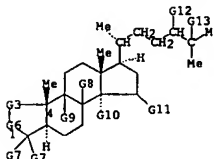
MYTR 1

L10 ANSWER 18 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts

L10 ANSWER 19 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



G3 = 53-4 54-1



G4 = 56



G6 = CHOH  
 DER: or esters  
 MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: substitution is restricted

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 20 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 133:177158 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of cyclic substituted fused pyrolocarbazoles and isoindolones with protein kinase inhibiting activity for pharmaceutical use  
 INVENTOR(S): Hudkins Robert L.; Reddy, Dandu; Singh, Jasbir; Stripathy, Rabinranath; Underiner, Theodore L.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cephalon, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 131 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXKD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000047583	A1	20000817	WO 2000-US3476	20000211
V: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GV, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2359772	AA	20000817	CA 2000-2359772	20000211
EP 1165562	A1	20020102	EP 2000-911759	20000211
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
BR 200008056	A	20020409	BR 2000-8056	20000211
JP 2003529537	T2	20031007	JP 2000-598503	20000211
HR 2001000583	A1	20020831	HR 2001-583	20010807
NO 2001003887	A	20011011	NO 2001-3887	20010809
BG 105890	A	20020628	BG 2001-105890	20010911
US 1999-119834P 19990212				
US 2000-500849 20000210				
WO 2000-US3476 20000211				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 US 1999-119834P 19990212  
 US 2000-500849 20000210  
 WO 2000-US3476 20000211

AB Fused pyrolocarbazoles and isoindolones, such as I (R1 = H, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl; R3-6 = H, CN, CF3, OH, CH2OH, halogen, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, acyloxy, amino, etc.; Q = O, S, NR7; W = CR8R9; X, Y = H2, O; R7 = H, alkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, etc.; R8, R9 = H, OH, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, etc.), were prepd. for use as agents for the regulation of protein kinase and for the treatment of prostate disorders, neoplasia, rheumatoid arthritis, pulmonary fibrosis, etc. Thus, II (R = oxiranylmethyl) was prepd. in 71% yield by via reaction of (+)-glycidyl mesylate and Rink's acid resin bound 6,7,12,13-tetrahydro-5H-indeno[2,1-a]pyrrolo[3,4-c]carbazol-5-one. The prepd. compds. were tested for inhibitory activity against a variety of protein kinases, such as trkA tyrosine kinase, vascular endothelial growth factor receptor kinase, protein kinase C, etc.

MSTR 1

L10 ANSWER 21 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

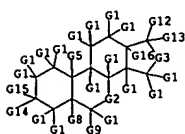
ACCESSION NUMBER: 133:34421 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Use of 17-ketosteroid compounds and derivatives, metabolites, and precursors thereof in treatment of toxoplasmosis and cryptosporidiosis  
 INVENTOR(S): Ahlem, Clarence Nathaniel; Frincke, James Martin; Prendergast, Patrick T.; Thadikonda, Krupakar Paul  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 87 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXKD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 9  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000032176	A2	20000608	WO 1999-US28080	19991124
WO 2000032176	A3	20001207		
V: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GV, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
ZA 2001003845	A	20020513	ZA 2001-3845	20010511
US 1998-110127P 19981127				
US 1999-124087P 19990311				
US 1999-126056P 19990323				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 US 1998-110127P 19981127  
 US 1999-124087P 19990311  
 US 1999-126056P 19990323

AB 17-Keto steroids and related compds., e.g. 16.alpha.-bromoepiandrosterone (I), and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts are used to treat infections with Toxoplasma or Cryptosporidium and to ameliorate or reduce symptoms assocd. with such infections. Thus, a suspension was prepd. contg. 50 mg I/mL in PEG-300 25, EtOH 12.5, benzyl benzoate 5, and propylene glycol 5%. I.v. administration of the steroids is preferred. The keto steroids may also be used to treat, or to ameliorate symptoms assocd. with, retroviral infections or malaria in humans.

MSTR 1A



G2 = 42

L10 ANSWER 20 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

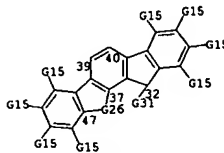


G26 = 119-47 120-37



G28 = CH2

G49 = 39-2 40-4 32-45



MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: substitution is restricted  
 NTE: additional ring formation also claimed

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 21 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



G3 = 45



MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: further derivatization also claimed

L10 ANSWER 22 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

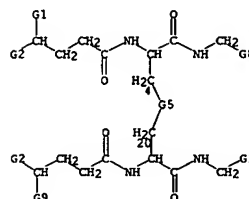
ACCESSION NUMBER: 133:12779 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Hexapeptide with the stabilized disulfide bond and derivatives thereof regulating metabolism, proliferation, differentiation and apoptosis  
 INVENTOR(S): Kozhemyakin, Leonid Andreavich; Kozhemyakin, Andrei Leonidovich; Balazovsky, Mark Borisovich  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zakrytoe Aktsionernoe Obschestvo "van", Russia  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000031120	A2	20000602	WO 1999-RU453	19991119
WO 2000031120	A3	20001026		
V: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GV, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
RU 2144374	C1	20000120	RU 1998-120753	19981123
RU 2153350	C1	20000727	RU 1999-105585	19990326
EP 1131340	A2	20010912	EP 1999-968424	19991119
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002538079	T2	20021112	JP 2000-583947	19991119
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: RU 1998-120753 19981123 RU 1999-105585 19990326 WO 1999-RU453 19991119				

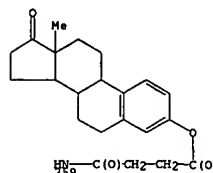
AB The present invention relates to a composite regulating metab., proliferation, differentiation and apoptotic mechanisms and applicable for the treatment for a variety of medical conditions, the composite comprising and oxidized glutathione-based compd., which has a disulfide bond, and a metal material, in particular where the metal is either platinum or palladium. The oxidized glutathione-based compd. and metal material can be present in a ratio of 3000:1 and preferably 1000:1. The oxidized glutathione-based compd. can be oxidized glutathione itself or salts or derivs. A feature of the invention is that the composite has a more stabilized disulfide bond than the oxidized glutathione-based compd. itself that significantly enhanced the biol.-pharmacol. activity of the composite and increased ability thereof for chem. modification resulting in new products possessing new therapeutic effects. Methods for prepg. the composite are provided, such methods being beneficial in that the composite is provided in high yields and at high purity. Methods for treatment of oncol., infectious, immunolog., hematol., ischemic, neurodegenerative, metab. disorders and endocrine diseases with the composites of the present invention are also disclosed. For example, the composite compd., bis[1-phenylalanyl-L-gamma-L-glutamyl-L-cystinyl-bis-glycine disodium salt and cisplatin was prepd. in a yield of 80% using glutathione and N-hydroxymethylbenzamide as starting materials and H2O2 as

L10 ANSWER 22 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)  
an oxidizing agent.

MSTR 1



G2 = 259



DER: and salts and metal complexes  
 MPL: claim 9  
 NTE: also incorporates claims 27  
 NTE: additional bridging also claimed

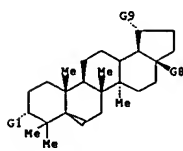
L10 ANSWER 23 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 132:112756 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Compositions which contain triterpenes for regulating hair growth  
 INVENTOR(S): Bradbury, James Barton; Schafer, Shari Joy; Kaczvinsky, Joseph Robert, Jr.; Bailey, Dorothy; Gale, Celeste Dawn  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Procter & Gamble Company, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000003748	A2	20000127	WO 1999-US16099	19990716
WO 2000003748	A3	20000615		
V: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GV, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2337848	AA	20000127	CA 1999-2337848	19990716
AU 9951062	A1	20000207	AU 1999-51062	19990716
EP 1119338	A2	20010801	EP 1999-935620	19990716
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002520375	T2	20020709	JP 2000-559882	19990716
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-93193P 19980717 WO 1999-US16099 19990716				

AB The present invention relates to compns. contg. (1) 0.0001-99.9 % of certain compds. selected from the group consisting of lupane triterpenes, derivs. of lupane triterpenes, derivs. of oleanane triterpenes, derivs. of ursane triterpenes, and salts and mixts. thereof, and (2) a vehicle. A hair tonic soln. contained betulinic acid 5, Tween-20 1, isopropanol 47, propylene glycol 28.2, and dimethylisobutylidene 18.8 %.

MSTR 1



MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 23 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

L10 ANSWER 24 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:202922 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Energy-sensitive resist material and a process for device fabrication using the energy-sensitive resist material  
 INVENTOR(S): Chandross, Edwin Arthur; Houlihan, Francis Michael; Nalamasu, Omkaram; Reichmanis, Elsa; Wallow, Thomas Ingolf  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lucent Technologies Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 12 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 803,703. CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5879857	A	19990309	US 1997-813732	19970307
US 5843624	A	19981201	US 1997-803703	19970221
EP 880074	A1	19981125	EP 1998-301562	19980303
EP 880074	B1	19991027		

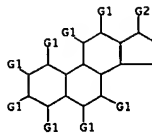
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO  
 JP 10307401 A2 19981117 JP 1998-57221 19980309  
 US 5998099 A 19991207 US 1998-83168 19980522  
 US 1997-803703 19970221  
 US 1997-813732 19970307  
 US 1997-60869P 19971002

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB A process for device fabrication and an energy-sensitive resist material used in the process are disclosed. The resist material contains a polymer in combination with a dissoln. inhibitor and a photoacid generator. The dissoln. inhibitor is the condensation reaction product of a satd. polycyclic hydrocarbon compd. with at least one hydroxy substituent and a difunctional satd. linear, branched, or cyclic hydrocarbon compd. wherein the functional groups are either carboxylic acid or carboxylic acid chloride groups. The condensation product has at least two polycyclic moieties. The polymer optionally has acid-labile groups pendant thereto which significantly decrease the soly. of the polymer in a soln. of aq. base. A film of the resist material is formed on a substrate and exposed to a delineating radiation. The radiation induces a chem. change in the resist material rendering the exposed resist material substantially more sol. in an aq. base soln. than the unexposed portion of the resist material. The image introduced into the resist material is developed using conventional techniques, and the resulting pattern is then transferred into the underlying substrate.

MSTR 1

L10 ANSWER 24 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



MPL: claim 4  
 NTE: also incorporates claim 9

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 25 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:52629 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of 17.beta.-allyloxy(thio)alkyl-androstane derivatives for the modulation of meiosis  
 INVENTOR(S): Leemhuis, Johannes Antonius Joseph; Van der Louw, Jaap; Groen, Marinus Bernard  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Akzo Nobel N.V., Neth.  
 SOURCE: FCT Int. Appl., 36 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

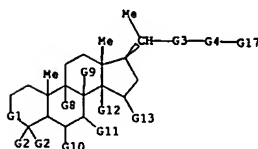
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9855498	A1	19981210	WO 1998-EP3191	19980528

V: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 AU 9885353 A1 19981221 AU 1998-85353 19980528  
 EP 988312 A1 20000329 EP 1998-936293 19980528  
 EP 988312 B1 20020403  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI  
 BR 9809733 A 20001003 BR 1998-9733 19980528  
 JP 2002502404 T2 20020122 JP 1999-501445 19980528  
 AT 215555 E 20020415 AT 1998-936293 19980528  
 NO 9905935 A 20000203 NO 1999-5935 19991203  
 US 6262282 B1 20010717 US 1999-445202 19991203  
 EP 1997-201691 19970604  
 WO 1998-EP3191 19980528

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB 17.beta.-Allyloxy(thio)alkyl-androstane deriva. of formula I [R1 = (substituted) OH, OSO3H, etc.; R2-R5 = H, alkyl; R6-R8 = H, Ph, halo; R6R7, R7R8 = cycloalkyl; n = 0-2; X = O, S, S(O), SO2] are prepd. The compds. of the invention have meiosis activating activity and can be used for the control of fertility. Thus, II was prepd. from 3.beta.-hydroxypregn-5-en-20-one and 4-bromo-2-methyl-2-butene in many steps. II showed 100% germinal vesicle breakdown in oocytes.

MSTR 1



G1 - 38

L10 ANSWER 25 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts  
 MPL: claim 1

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 26 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:52627 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Non-estrogenic estradiol derivatives with an antioxidant activity  
 INVENTOR(S): Broescher, Peter; Menzenbach, Bernd; Romer, Wolfgang; Schneider, Brigitte; Elger, Walter; Kaufmann, Gunter  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jenapharm GmbH & Co., Ltd., Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9855496	A1	19981210	WO 1998-DE1392	19980520
V: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LA, LS, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TH, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
DE 19723794	A1	19981210	DE 1997-19723794	19970606
AU 9884303	A1	19981221	AU 1998-84303	19980520
EP 986573	A1	20000322	EP 1998-934761	19980520
EP 986573	B1	20021009		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, NO				
JP 2002510295	T2	20020402	JP 1999-501255	19980520
AT 225800	E	20021015	AT 1998-934761	19980520
ES 2185187	T3	20030416	ES 1998-934761	19980520
US 6436917	B1	20020820	US 1998-92289	19980605
US 2002065258	A1	20020530	US 2001-990517	20011121
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1997-19723794	19970606
			WO 1998-DE1392	19980520
			US 1998-92289	19980605

AB New non-estrogenic estradiol derivs. I (R1 = H, OH; R2, R3 = H, Me; dashed line = one or two double bonds), whereby the hydroxy group can exist as an ether, ester or sulfamate except for 4-methylestra-1,3,5(10)-triene-1,17,β-diol, and II [Z = (CH2)nAPh; n = 0, 1; when n = 0, 1 A = bonds; when n = 1, A = O, S, Se; Ph = (un)substituted phenyl] whereby the hydroxy group can exist as an ether, ester or sulfamate, with antioxidant activity are disclosed. These estradiol derivs., which have no estrogenic effect but a high antioxidant effect, are potentially useful as non-estrogenic antioxidants, in particular for postmenopausal women and for men; moreover, the disclosed compds. are potential aromatase and sulfatase inhibitors. Thus, I (R1 = R2 = H, R3 = 4-Me, dashed lines = single bonds, C(17) = β-diol) showed 0.04 % binding to estrogen receptor but lipid peroxid. inhibition (IC50 = 1.7 μmol/L), 22.26% inhibition of Fe(II)-autoxidn. and 19.23% stimulation of Fe(III) redn.

MSTR 1.

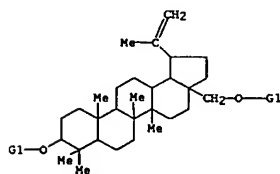
L10 ANSWER 27 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:52599 MARPAT  
 TITLE: synthesis and antitumor activity of betulinol derivatives and monoclonal antibody conjugates  
 INVENTOR(S): Bomshteyn, Arkady L.; Rathnam, Premila; Saxena, Brij B.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 56 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9855497	A1	19981210	WO 1998-US11456	19980603
V: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GU, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9878135	A1	19981221	AU 1998-78135	19980603
EP 988311	A1	20000329	EP 1998-926258	19980603
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
US 2003036540	A1	20030220	US 2002-212576	20020802
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-48621P	19970604
			US 1998-89894	19980603
			WO 1998-US11456	19980603

AB Syntheses of betulinol derivs. (I) (X, Y1 = independently OH, alkoxy, alkanoyloxy, -peptide-NHCH<sub>2</sub>(O)-antibody-OH moiety) and betulinol-antibody conjugates (II) (A1 = 1-peptide-NHCH<sub>2</sub>, 1-peptide-NHCH<sub>2</sub>) are disclosed.

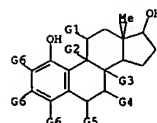
MSTR 1



MPL: claim 1

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 26 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



DER: and ethers, esters or sulfamates  
 MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: substitution is restricted

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 28 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 129:81885 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Processes for preparation of 9,11-epoxy steroids and their intermediates  
 INVENTOR(S): Ng, John S.; Liu, Chin; Anderson, Dennis K.; Lawson, Jon P.; Wiecezorek, Joseph; Kunda, Sastry A.; Letendre, Leo J.; Pozzo, Mark J.; Sing, Yuen-lung L.; Wang, Ping T.; Yonan, Edward E.; Weier, Richard M.; Kowar, Thomas R.; Baez, Julio A.; Erb, Bernhard  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G.D. Searle & Co., USA; Ng, John S.; Liu, Chin; Anderson, Dennis K.; Lawson, Jon P.; Wiecezorek, Joseph; Kunda, Sastry A.; Letendre, Leo J.; Pozzo, Mark J.; et al.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 543 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 6  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9825948	A2	19980618	WO 1997-US23090	19971211
WO 9825948	A3	19981015		
V: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
ZA 9711038	A	19990125	ZA 1997-11038	19971209
AU 9857983	A1	19980703	AU 1998-57983	19971211
AU 733559	B2	20010517		
EP 944644	A2	19990929	EP 1997-954126	19971211
EP 944644	B1	20021002		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
CN 1253564	A	20000517	CN 1997-181737	19971211
BR 9714510	A	20001128	BR 1997-14510	19971211
NZ 336004	A	20010427	NZ 1997-336004	19971211
JP 2001509792	T2	20010724	JP 1998-527032	19971211
EP 1148061	A2	20011024	EP 2001-111209	19971211
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
EP 1223374	A2	20020717	EP 2002-7309	19971211
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
AT 225367	E	20021015	AT 1997-954126	19971211
NZ 510556	A	20021025	NZ 1997-510556	19971211
ES 2186017	T3	20030501	ES 1997-954126	19971211
ZA 9805088	A	19990611	ZA 1998-5088	19980611
NO 9902825	A	19990729	NO 1999-2825	19990610
AU 747959	B2	20020530	AU 2000-18440	20000221
US 2002038021	A1	20020328	US 2000-732208	20001207
US 2002045746	A1	20020418	US 2000-732209	20001207
US 2003055274	A1	20030320	US 2002-112355	20020329
US 6610844	B2	20030826		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-33315P	19961211
			US 1997-49388P	19970611
			US 1995-8455P	19951211
			US 1996-763910	19961211
			EP 1997-954126	19971211

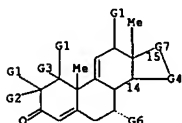
L10 ANSWER 28 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

NZ 1997-336004 19971211  
 WO 1997-052309D 19971211  
 US 1999-246204 19990208  
 US 1999-246908 19990209  
 US 1999-169556P 19991208  
 US 1999-169608P 19991208  
 US 1999-169639P 19991208  
 US 1999-169682P 19991208  
 US 1999-169683P 19991208  
 US 1999-169690P 19991208  
 US 1999-169707P 19991208  
 US 1999-169807P 19991208  
 US 1999-319673 19991213  
 US 2000-583137 20000530  
 US 2000-583158 20000530

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 129:81885

AB Multiple novel reaction schemes, novel process steps and novel intermediates are provided for the synthesis of epoxymexrenone and other compds. of formula (I) wherein: -A- represents the group -CHR<sup>4</sup>-CHR<sup>5</sup>- or -CRA-CR<sup>5</sup>-, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxycarbonyl, cyano, aryloxy; R<sup>1</sup> represents an alpha-oriented lower alkoxycarbonyl or hydroxyalkyl radical; -B- represents the group -CHR<sup>6</sup>-CHR<sup>7</sup>- or an alpha- or beta-oriented group (II), where R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, lower alkoxy, acyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, acyloxyalkyl, cyano and aryloxy; and R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, halo, lower alkoxy, acyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, acyloxyalkyl, cyano and aryloxy, or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> together comprise a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring structure, or R<sup>8</sup> or R<sup>9</sup> together with R<sup>6</sup> or R<sup>7</sup> comprise a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring structure fused to the pentacyclic D ring.

MYTR 1



G4 = 26-14 27-15



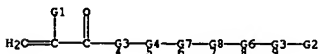
L10 ANSWER 29 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 128:295176 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of monomers useful in the production of liquid-crystalline polymers  
 INVENTOR(S): Gailberger, Michael; Strelzyk, Katja; Grundig, Petra; Barth, Anne; Dannenhauer, Fritz; Strohmriegel, Peter; Stohr, Andreas  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daimler-Benz A.-G., Germany  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 10 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

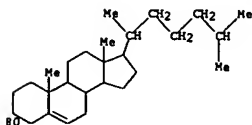
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19643048	A1	19980423	DE 1996-19643048	19961018
EP 837054	A2	19980422	EP 1997-116765	19970926
EP 837054	A3	19990414		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 10182556	A2	19980707	JP 1997-320232	19971017
US 6049000	A	20000411	US 1997-953976	19971020
US 6423865	B1	20020723	US 2000-516511	20000301
US 6313326	B1	20011106	US 2000-526756	20000316
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1996-19643048 19961018				
US 1997-953976 19971020				

AB The title monomers, of specified structure and bearing (meth)acrylate groups and vinyl ether, epoxy, or azide groups, are prep'd. Adding 21 mmol MeSO<sub>2</sub>Cl dropwise to 21 mmol 4-[2-(vinylloxy)ethoxy]benzoic acid and 21 mmol Et<sub>3</sub>N in 1,2-dimethoxyethane stirred at .ltoreq.-25.degree., stirring for 1 h at -30.degree., adding 21 mmol 4-[[6-(acryloyloxy)hexyl]oxy]phenol, 2 mmol 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine, and 100 mg BHT, and stirring at 0-5.degree. for 3 h gave 78% 4-[[6-(acryloyloxy)hexyl]oxy]phenyl 4-[2-(vinylloxy)ethoxy]benzoate (I). AIBN-initiated polymn. of I in THF in the presence of 4 mol% ClO<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>SH at 60.degree. for 48 h gave an oligomer (no.-av. mol. wt. .apprx.20,000) showing a nematic phase with a clear point at .apprx.100.degree..

MYTR 1



G2 = 80



L10 ANSWER 28 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

G7 = 39



DER: or salts  
 MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: additional ring formation also claimed

L10 ANSWER 29 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

MPL: claim 16  
 NTE: alkylene in G3 may be interrupted by oxygen atoms

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 30 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 128:294939 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of nitrate esters of corticoid compounds and pharmaceutical applications thereof  
 INVENTOR(S): Del Soldato, Piero  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nicom S.A., Fr.; Del Soldato, Piero  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

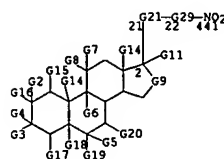
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9815568	A2	19980416	WO 1997-EP5426	19971002
WO 9815568	A3	19980618		
V: AL, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KP, KR, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9747803	A1	19980505	AU 1997-47803	19971002
AU 719250	B2	20000504		
EP 929565	A2	19990721	EP 1997-910409	19971002
EP 929565	B1	20020529		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO				
BR 9711586	A	19990824	BR 1997-11586	19971002
CN 1253563	A	20000517	CN 1997-180284	19971002
JP 2001501637	T2	20010206	JP 1998-517154	19971002
AT 218142	E	20020615	AT 1997-910409	19971002
RU 2186781	C2	20020810	RU 1999-108661	19971002
ES 2177952	T3	20021216	ES 1997-910409	19971002
US 6610676	B1	20030826	US 1999-269729	19990402
KR 2000048911	A	20000725	KR 1999-702942	19990403
IT 1996-WI2048 19961004				
WO 1997-EP5426 19971002				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB The title compds. of the general formula B-X1-NO<sub>2</sub> or their esters or salts, where B has structure I where there may be substituents in place of the H in the CH group or two hydrogens H<sub>2</sub> in the CH<sub>2</sub> group shown in the general formula; R and R<sub>1</sub> are equal or different one from the other and may be hydrogen or linear or branched alkyls having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, preferably R = R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>3</sub>; B being a corticosteroid residue; R<sub>2</sub> is -(CO-L)<sub>x</sub>(X)<sub>y</sub> where x and y are integers equal or different one from the other and equal to 0 or 1; where L is a bivalent connecting group; X is equal to X<sub>2</sub> where X<sub>2</sub> = O, NH, NR<sub>3</sub> where R<sub>3</sub> is a linear or branched alkyl having from 1 to 10 C atoms; or equal to X<sub>3</sub> where X<sub>3</sub> is equal to OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, Cl, N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, SCH<sub>2</sub>F, SH; X<sub>1</sub> is a bivalent connecting bridge YO where Y is a C1-C20 alkylene were prepd. Thus, hydrocortisone was treated with 4-chlorobutanoyl chloride followed by treatment with AgNO<sub>2</sub> to give the nitro deriv. II. II had a 62% antiarthritic activity in rats at 10 mg/kg, but did not affect cardiovascular parameters.

MPTR 1

L10 ANSWER 30 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



G9 = 259

HC-G10  
259

DER: or esters or salts  
 MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: additional ring fusion also claimed

L10 ANSWER 31 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 128:205039 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation and biological activity of antimicrobial steroidal amino compounds  
 INVENTOR(S): Schoenecker, Bruno; Wyrwa, Ralf; Moellmann, Ute; Krieg, Reimar; Dubs, Manuela  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Friedrich-Schiller-Universitaet Jena, Germany; Hans-Knoell-Institut fuer Naturstoffforschung  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 20 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXJXK  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19633206	A1	19980219	DE 1996-19633206	19960817
DE 19633206	C2	20010329		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB Steroidal amines [RN1R5aCR2R3R4]a+ Aa- [a = 0, 1; R = steroid, cholanyl, cardenolide, bufadienolide deriv.; R<sub>1</sub> - R<sub>5</sub> = H, alkyl; A = anion; when a = 0: R<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub> = bond; R<sub>3</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>x</sub>R<sub>6</sub>, x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 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1139, 1140, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1144, 1145, 1146, 1147, 1148, 1149, 1150, 1151, 1152, 1153, 1154, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1165, 1166, 1167, 1168, 1169, 1170, 1171, 1172, 1173, 1174, 1175, 1176, 1177, 1178, 1179, 1180, 1181, 1182, 1183, 1184, 1185, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1200, 1201, 1202, 1203, 1204, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1208, 1209, 1210, 1211, 1212, 1213, 1214, 1215, 1216, 1217, 1218, 1219, 1220, 1221, 1222, 1223, 1224, 1225, 1226, 1227, 1228, 1229, 1230, 1231, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1235, 1236, 1237, 1238, 1239, 1240, 1241, 1242, 1243, 1244, 1245, 1246, 1247, 1248, 1249, 1250, 1251, 1252, 1253, 1254, 1255, 1256, 1257, 1258, 1259, 1260, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1266, 1267, 1268, 1269, 1270, 1271, 1272, 1273, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1277, 1278, 1279, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1283, 1284, 1285, 1286, 1287, 1288, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1292, 1293, 1294, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1298, 1299, 1300, 1301, 1302, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1311, 1312, 1313, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1320, 1321, 1322, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1328, 1329, 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1335, 1336, 1337, 1338, 1339, 1340, 1341, 1342, 1343, 1344, 1345, 1346, 1347, 1348, 1349, 1350, 1351, 1352, 1353, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1358, 1359, 1360, 1361, 1362, 1363, 1364, 1365, 1366, 1367, 1368, 1369, 1370, 1371, 1372, 1373, 1374, 1375, 1376, 1377, 1378, 1379, 1380, 1381, 1382, 1383, 1384, 1385, 1386, 1387, 1388, 1389, 1390, 1391, 1392, 1393, 1394, 1395, 1396, 1397, 1398, 1399, 1400, 1401, 1402, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1406, 1407, 1408, 1409, 1410, 1411, 1412, 1413, 1414, 1415, 1416, 1417, 1418, 1419, 1420, 1421, 1422, 1423, 1424, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1428, 1429, 1430, 1431, 1432, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448, 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1463, 1464, 1465, 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469, 1470, 1471, 1472, 1473, 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481, 1482, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1488, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1494, 1495, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1499, 1500, 1501, 1502, 1503, 1504, 1505, 1506, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514, 1515, 1516, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569, 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600, 1601, 1602, 1603, 1604, 1605, 1606, 1607, 1608, 1609, 1610, 1611, 1612, 1613, 1614, 1615, 1616, 1617, 1618, 1619, 1620, 1621, 1622, 1623, 1624, 1625, 1626, 1627, 1628, 1629, 1630, 1631, 1632, 1633, 1634, 1635, 1636, 1637, 1638, 1639, 1640, 1641, 1642, 1643, 1644, 1645, 1646, 1647, 1648, 1649, 1650, 1651, 1652, 1653, 1654, 1655, 1656, 1657, 1658, 1659, 1660, 1661, 1662, 1663, 1664, 1665, 1666, 1667, 1668, 1669, 1670, 1671, 1672, 1673, 1674, 1675, 1676, 1677, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681, 1682, 1683, 1684, 1685, 1686, 1687, 1688, 1689, 1690, 1691, 1692, 1693, 1694, 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698, 1699, 1700, 1701, 1702, 1703, 1704, 170





L10 ANSWER 34 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 127:121915 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of novel steroid nitrite/nitrate ester derivatives for use as antiinflammatory drugs  
 INVENTOR(S): Tjoeng, Foe S.; Currie, Mark G.; Zupac, Mark E.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G.D. Searle & Co., USA; Tjoeng, Foe S.; Currie, Mark E.; Zupac, Mark E.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9721721	A1	19970619	WO 1996-US19219	19961206
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 5707984	A	19980113	US 1995-569812	19951208
CA 2239910	AA	19970619	CA 1996-2239910	19961206
AU 9712772	A1	19970703	AU 1997-12772	19961206
EP 873351	A1	19981028	EP 1996-943559	19961206
EP 873351	B1	20000802		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2000501732	T2	20000215	JP 1997-522081	19961206
AT 195128	E	20000815	AT 1996-943559	19961206
ES 2150152	T3	20001116	ES 1996-943559	19961206
			US 1995-569812	19951208
			WO 1996-US19219	19961206

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 AB Nitrite/nitrate steroid esters I (XX1 = C(CH<sub>3</sub>), CH(CH<sub>3</sub>); X2X3 = C(RS); CH, CH(RS)CH<sub>2</sub>; O = P = H, halogen, alkyl; R1 = H, OH, ONO, ONO<sub>2</sub>, halogen, sulfonyl, alkylthio, acyloxy, alkoxy, silyloxy, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; R2 = H, OH, ONO, ONO<sub>2</sub>, alkoxy; R3 = R4 = H, OH, ONO, ONO<sub>2</sub>, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy; R5 = H, halogen; R6 = H, OH, oxo) were prepd. for use as antiinflammatory agents and smooth muscle relaxants. Thus, pregna-1,4-dien-3,20-dione nitrite ester II was prepd. by reacting prednisolone-21-acetate with amyl nitrite in acetic acid, and, when tested for smooth muscle relaxant activity, II gave an EC<sub>50</sub> value of 0.02 .mu.M compared to >100 .mu.M for prednisolone.

MSTR 1

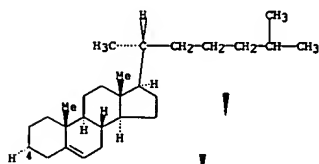
L10 ANSWER 35 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 127:66093 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of sugar ethers by using rare earth metal catalysts  
 INVENTOR(S): Hashizume, Naomichi; Etsuno, Junji; Kobayashi, Osamu  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kao Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKKAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09157287	A2	19970617	JP 1995-316704	19951205
JP 09157287	A2	19970617	JP 1995-316704	19951205
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 127:66093			
AB	R(OA)n(OH)z-n (A = glycoside (deriv.) residue; R = C1-36 linear or branched alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cholesteryl, cholestanoyl, sugar (deriv.) residue; when R = sugar (deriv.) residue, then z = no. of OH of the sugar (deriv.); when R .noteq. sugar (deriv.) residue, then z = 1; n = 1-2) are prepd. by treatment of AOB (A = same as above; B = H, acyl) with R(OD)z (R, z = same as above; D = H, Me3Si) in the presence of (RfSO3)3M (Rf = perfluoroalkyl, perfluoroalkoxy; M = rare earth metal) and/or rare earth metal perfluorinated ionomers. 1-O-acetyl-2,3,5-tri-O-benzyl-beta-D-ribofuranose was treated with cyclohexanol trimethylsilyl ether and Yb triflate in CH2Cl2 at room temp. for 5.5 h to give 85% 1-O-cyclohexyl 2,3,5-tri-O-benzyl-D-ribofuranoside.			

MSTR 2

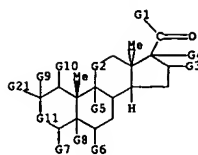
G1—G2

G1 = 4



MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 34 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



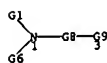
G2 = C(O)  
 G11 = C(O)  
 DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable esters and prodrugs  
 MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: substitution is restricted

L10 ANSWER 36 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 125:107063 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Cationic amphiphiles and plasmids for intracellular delivery of therapeutic molecules  
 INVENTOR(S): Siegel, Craig S.; Harris, David J.; Lee, Edward R.; Hubbard, Shirley C.; Cheng, Seng H.; Eastman, Simon J.; Marshall, John; Scheule, Ronald K.; Yew, Nelson S.; et al.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genzyme Corporation, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 152 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 11  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

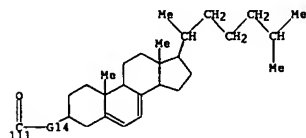
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9618372	A2	19960620	WO 1995-US16174	19951208
WO 9618372	A3	19960906		
W:	AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT			
RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 5650096	A	19970722	US 1994-352479	19941209
US 5747471	A	19980505	US 1995-540867	19951011
US 6071890	A	20000606	US 1995-545473	19951019
AU 9645161	A1	19960703	AU 1996-45161	19951208
AU 716706	B2	20000302		
EP 799059	A1	19971008	EP 1995-943769	19951208
EP 799059	B1	20020731		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE			
JP 10510813	T2	19981020	JP 1995-519236	19951208
AT 221390	E	20020815	AT 1995-943769	19951208
AU 9732315	A1	19980417	AU 1997-32315	19970610
AU 736143	B2	20010726		
EP 1007003	A1	20000614	EP 1997-927989	19970610
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2001500897	T2	20010123	JP 1998-515603	19970610
US 2002013282	A1	20020131	US 1998-166074	19981005
			US 1994-352479	19941209
			US 1995-4344P	19950926
			US 1995-4399P	19950927
			US 1995-540867	19951011
			US 1995-545473	19951019
			WO 1995-US16174	19951208
			WO 1997-US9748	19970610

AB Novel cationic amphiphiles are provided that facilitate transport of biol. active (therapeutic) mol. into cells. The amphiphiles contain lipophilic groups derived from steroids, from mono or dialkylamines, or from alkyl or acyl groups; and cationic groups, protonatable at physiol. pH, derived from amines, alkylamines or polyalkylamines. Thus, N4-spermidine cholesteryl carbamate provided an approx. 20-fold enhancement of the transfection ability of plasmid pCMVH1-CAT (chloramphenicol acetyltransferase-encoding) in mice. There are provided also therapeutic compns. prepd. typically by contacting a dispersion of one or more cationic amphiphiles with the therapeutic mol. Therapeutic mol. that

**MSRB 1A**



G9 - 111

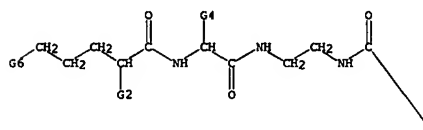


MPL: claim 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9601840	A1	19960125	WO 1995-US8555	19950707

US 568,185 A 19980707 US 593,953 19990707  
 W: CA, JP  
 RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE  
 US 5771153 A 19980707 US 1994-273045 19940708  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1994-273045 19940708  
 AB The present invention is directed to new cationic lipids and intermediates in their synthesis that are useful for transfection of prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids or peptides. The lipids comprise one or two arginine, lysine or ornithine residues linked to a lipophilic moiety. The lipids or the compounds when mixed with polyanions such as nucleic acids. The compounds permit efficient transfer of polyanions into cells without significant toxicity to the cells.

## MSTR 2



The chemical structure shows a steroid nucleus (pregnane) with a methyl group at C-10, a methyl group at C-13, and a methyl group at C-14. A hydroxyl group is attached to C-21, and a methyl group is attached to C-20. The structure is labeled with 'Me' for methyl groups and 'H' for hydrogen atoms.

DER: or salts or solvates  
MPL: claim 1

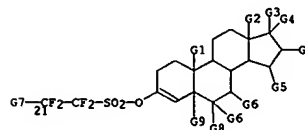
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1107478	A	19950830	CN 1994-113929	19941008

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CN 1055930      B       20000830      CN 1994-113929     19941008
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
AB THE title compds. [;] there may be unsatn. in ring A or B; R1 = H, Me,
etc.; R2 = H, Me, Et; R3 = (un)substituted carbanonyl, acetyl,
acetoxy, benzoyloxy, etc.; R4 = H, Et, i-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl,
R5, R6 = H, F, Cl, OH, Me, CF2Cl, CF3, or RSR6 = O or CH2; Y = X(CF2CF2)nO-, CF3(CF2)m-;
X = F, Cl, Br, iodine, n = 0, 1, 2; m = 0-5; are prepd. Thus,
17beta-(tert-butylcarbamoyl)androsta-4-en-3-one was treated with
CH2BrCO2CFCF3 to give 17beta-O-acetylsuccinate derivative for 6 h followed
by silica gel chromatog.to.give the title compnd.;[;].

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**METER 1**



MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 39 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 124:192411 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Bile acid conjugates, derivatives thereof with metal complexes and related uses  
 INVENTOR(S): Anelli, Pier Lucio; De Heen, Christoph; Lattuada, Luciano; Morosini, Pierfrancesco; Uggeri, Fulvio  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bracco S.P.A., Italy; Dibra S.P.A.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 111 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXX02  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9532741	A1	19951207	WO 1995-EP1958	19950523
V: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, US, UZ				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9525664	A1	19951221	AU 1995-25664	19950523
EP 760683	A1	19970312	EP 1995-920075	19950523
EP 760683	B1	20000105		
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
JP 10501528	T2	19980210	JP 1995-500267	19950523
NO 9604967	A	19970123	NO 1996-4967	19961122
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
IT 1994-MI1074 19940526				
WO 1995-EP1958 19950523				

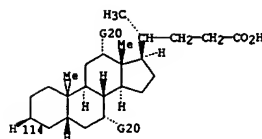
AB The invention relates to novel paramagnetic metal ion chelates and their use as contrast agents in the diagnostic technique known as magnetic resonance imaging (M.R.I.). In particular, the prepn. of gadolinium complexes of cholic acid diethylenetriaminopentaacetic acid or 1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane-1,4,7,10-tetraacetic acid deriv. conjugates with meglumine is described.

MSTR 1A

G21-G1 G19

G21 - 114

L10 ANSWER 39 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



DER: or complex chelates with such metals as G19, and salts  
 MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 40 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

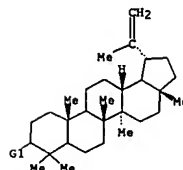
ACCESSION NUMBER: 124:185584 MARPAT  
 TITLE: A pharmaceutical composition containing .beta.-lupeol derivatives for the prevention and/or treatment of viral infections and optionally inflammations  
 INVENTOR(S): Berg, Kurt; Christensen, Soeren Broegger;  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Boye-Knudsen, Carsten; Ming, Chen; Simonsen, Beth  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXX02  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9535103	A1	19951228	WO 1995-DK256	19950620
V: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2193396	AA	19951228	CA 1995-2193396	19950620
AU 9527340	A1	19960115	AU 1995-27340	19950620
AU 689603	B2	19980402		
EP 762876	A1	19970319	EP 1995-922445	19950620
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CN 1158566	A	19970903	CN 1995-194431	19950620
JP 10504279	T2	19980428	JP 1995-501510	19950620
FI 9605114	A	19961219	FI 1996-5114	19961219
NO 9605468	A	19970219	NO 1996-5468	19961219
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
DK 1994-722 19940620				
DK 1994-926 19940809				
WO 1995-DK256 19950620				

AB A pharmaceutical compn. for the prevention and/or treatment of viral infections and optionally inflammations comprises one or more .beta.-lupeol derivs., optionally in combination with an ammonium ion-releasing compd., and/or in combination with one or more mono or polysulfated mono, oligo or polysaccharides or analogs and/or derivs. thereof. The pharmaceutical compn. may be in the form of chewing gums, lozenges, chewing tablets, resorbibles, drops, trouches, gels, mouth ointments, soles., mucoadhesive formulations or depot preps.

MSTR 1

L10 ANSWER 40 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



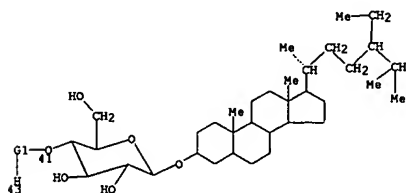
MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 41 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 123:122721 MARPAT  
 TITLE: hair tonics and growth stimulants containing  
 stigmastanol glycosides  
 INVENTOR(S): Suzuki, Masami; Kanamaru, Akiko; Yamamoto, Takuya  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pola Kasei Kogyo Kk, Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.  
 CODEN: JKOXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07109294	A2	19950425	JP 1993-253462	19931008
JP 3034411	B2	20000417		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-253462 19931008  
 AB Hair tonics and growth stimulants contain stigmastanol glycosides (I) (n = 2-5). A hair tonic contained stigmastanol maltoside 3.0, propylene glycol 5.0, vitamin B2 0.5, yeast ext. (contg. nucleic acid) 0.5, di-K glycyrrhizin 0.3, diphenhydramine-HCl 0.3, methylparaben 0.2, menthol 0.2, ethanol 50.0, vitamin E 0.05, and purified water 39.85 parts. The preps. were safe and effective.

MSTR 1



MPL: claim 1

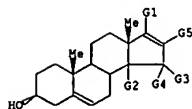
L10 ANSWER 42 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 123:12515 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Synthesis of 17-(3-pyridyl) steroids  
 INVENTOR(S): Potter, Gerard Andrew; Hardcastle, Ian Robert  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): British Technology Group Ltd., UK  
 SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 17 pp.  
 CODEN: BAOKDU  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 2282377	A1	19950405	GB 1994-19139	19940922
GB 2282377	B2	19970903		
CA 2170286	AA	19950406	CA 1994-2170286	19940922
WO 9509178	A1	19950406	WO 1994-GB2054	19940922
W: AU, CA, JP, NZ				
RV: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
AU 9476618	A1	19950418	AU 1994-76618	19940922
AU 676088	B2	19970227		
EP 721461	A1	19960717	EP 1994-927003	19940922
EP 721461	B1	19990203		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 09502994	T2	19970325	JP 1995-510163	19940922
AT 176481	E	19990215	AT 1994-927003	19940922
ES 2127413	T3	19990416	ES 1994-927003	19940922
US 5604213	A	19970218	US 1994-315882	19940930
US 5618807	A	19970408	US 1995-392178	19950222
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1993-20132	19930930
			GB 1994-14192	19940714
			GB 1992-7057	19920331
			GB 1992-24880	19921127
			WO 1994-GB2054	19940922
			US 1994-315882	19940930

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:12515  
 AB 17-(3-pyridinyl)-substituted steroids are prepd. by subjecting a 17-iodo or -bromo steroid to a palladium complex-catalyzed cross-coupling reaction with a (3-pyridyl)-substituted borane in a proportion of at least 1.0 equiv. of borane per equiv. of steroid, in an org. solvent, and optionally esterifying the resulting 3.β-hydroxy steroid. Thus, dehydroepiandrosterone was converted to its hydrazone and then to its iodide. The latter compd. was treated with 1.1 equiv. diethyl(3-pyridyl)borane and then acetylated to give 3.β-acetoxy-17-(3-pyridyl)androsta-5,16-diene.

MSTR 1

L10 ANSWER 42 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



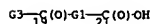
MPL: claim 3

L10 ANSWER 43 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 123:56397 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of sterin esters via esterification with succinic anhydride derivatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Mizushima, Yosen; Maeda, Toshiji  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kao Corp, Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.  
 CODEN: JKOXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

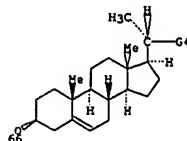
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07109291	A2	19950425	JP 1993-251616	19931007
JP 318069	B2	20010716		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-251616 19931007  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:56397  
 AB Title compds. are prepd. via reaction of alkyl- or alkenylsuccinic anhydrides with sterins and contacting the product with either an inert gas or steam. Thus, 2-hexadecenylsuccinic anhydride was heated with cholesterol at 100.degree. for 1 h and then at 130.degree. for 2 h, the reaction mixt. was cooled to 100.degree., and the product was contacted with steam at 20 g/h for 5 h to give 2-hexadecenylsuccinic acid monoester with cholesterol of good quality.

MSTR 2



G3 = 66



MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 44 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 122:277639 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Fullerene derivatives, methods for preparing them, and their use  
 INVENTOR(S): Bingel, Carsten  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoechst A.-G., Germany  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen. 9 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 4313481	A1	19941027	DE 1993-4313481	19930424
WO 9425424	A1	19941110	WO 1994-EP1079	19940407
V: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2161246	AA	19941110	CA 1994-2161246	19940407
EP 695287	A1	19960207	EP 1994-913120	19940407
EP 695287	B1	19971029		
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
JP 08509232	T2	19961001	JP 1994-523806	19940407
US 5739376	A	19980414	US 1995-535163	19951020
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
DE 1993-4313481 19930424				
WO 1994-EP1079 19940407				

AB The title derivs. are described by the general formula I (F = a C<sub>20+2m</sub> fullerene; E1 and E2 = the same or different groups selected from COOR, CONRR1, CHO, COR, CN, F(O)(OR)2, and SO2R, different (from each other) RCO, R, or H, or different NO2, R3, or H groups; R and R1 = a singly or multiply substituted C1-20 aliph. residue in which up to 3 CH2 units may be replaced by O or NR4; R3 = a singly or multiply substituted C1-20 aliph. residue; R4 = a C1-20 alkyl group, a benzyl group, or a benzyl or Ph group which can optionally be substituted with 1-5 substituents selected from R, OH, OR, COOR, OOCR, SO3H, SO2Cl, F, Cl, Br, and CN; n = a natural no. ranging from 1 to 10 + m; and m = 20, 25, 28, or 29); their prepn. entails reacting a C<sub>20+2m</sub> fullerene with a reactant described by the general formula II (X = -Cl, -Br, -I, -OSO2Ar, -OSO2CF3, -OSO2C4F9; and Ar = a Ph group) in the presence of a base selected from and alkali metal hydride, alkali metal hydroxides, alcohols, amides, amines, or guanidine in an aprotic solvent at a temp. in the range -78 to 180 degrees. Use of the fullerenes in optoelectronic devices is indicated.

MSTR 1



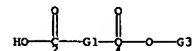
G1 = 13-1 5-3

L10 ANSWER 45 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 122:248034 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Water-in-oil cosmetic emulsions containing amides and sterol dicarboxylic acid monoesters  
 INVENTOR(S): Takahashi, Akihiko; Koba, Junzuke; Fukazawa, Junichi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kao Corp, Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.  
 CODEN: JIKOAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

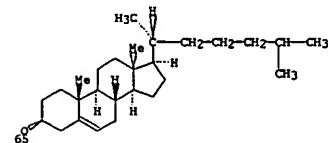
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07010731	A2	19950113	JP 1993-157338	19930628
JP 3271828	B2	20020408		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
JP 1993-157338 19930628				

AB Water-in-oil cosmetic emulsions contain (A) R1OCH2CH(OH)CH2N(XOH)COR2 [I]; R1 = C10-26 linear or branched hydrocarbyl; R2 = C9-25 linear or branched hydrocarbyl; X = (CH2)n, (CH2)2n(CH2)2, CH2CH(OH)CH2; n = 2-6; (B) HO2CR3CO2R5 [R3 = (CH2)p (p = 2-10), CH2CHR4, CHR4CH2; R4 = C6-20 linear or branched alkyl, alkenyl; R5 = residue of natural sterol or its hydrogenation product from which H of the OH group is removed], (C) 10-70 wt.% oily substances, and (D) 10-88 wt.% H2O [A/B = 0.01-10 (by wt.)] and do not practically contain hydrophilic surfactants. The emulsions are stable and show skin-moisturizing effect. Cholesterol was stirred with n-hexadecenylnaocinic anhydride at 160 degrees. for 10 min and stirred at 130 degrees. for 1 h to give 89.2% n-hexadecenylnaocinic acid cholesteryl monoester (II). Cosmetic cream contg. Sphingolipid E [I (R1 = n-C16H33, R2 = n-C15H31, X = C2H4)] 5.0, II 15.0, squalane 9.0, olive oil 3.0, jojoba oil 1.0, iso-Pr palmitate 5.0, butylparaben 0.1, methylparaben 0.3, and H2O to 100 wt.% was formulated.

MSTR 2

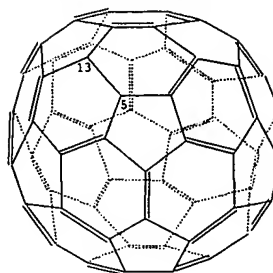


G3 = 65



MPL: claim 1

L10 ANSWER 44 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)



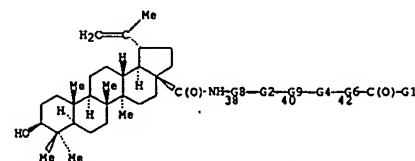
MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: substitution is restricted  
 NTE: Ak in G2 and G4 may contain further interruptions

L10 ANSWER 46 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 122:214296 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of antiviral lupane derivatives and pharmaceutical formulations containing them  
 INVENTOR(S): Oereu, Norbert; Evers, Michel; Poujade, Christele; Soler, Françoise  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9426695	A1	19941124	WO 1994-FR532	19940506
V: AU, BB, BG, BA, BY, CA, CN, CZ, FI, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LV, MC, MN, MW, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SK, UA, US, UZ, VN				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
FR 2705094	A1	19941118	FR 1993-5619	19930511
FR 2705094	B1	19950804		
CA 2162702	AA	19941124	CA 1994-2162702	19940506
AU 9467879	A1	19941212	AU 1994-67879	19940506
EP 698008	A1	19960228	EP 1994-916260	19940506
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
JP 08509968	T2	19961022	JP 1994-525050	19940506
ZA 9403201	A	19950116	ZA 1994-3201	19940509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
FR 1993-5619 19930511				
WO 1994-FR532 19940506				

AB The title compds. [I; R = (CH2)nX(CH2)mY(CR1R2)PCO2R3; R1, R2, R3 = H, alkyl; X = carbamoyl, N-methylcarbamoyl, aminocarbonyl, N-methylaminocarbonyl; Y = (un)substituted phenylene; m, p = 0-2; n = 6-12; such that m + n + p = 6-12] [e.g., N'-(N-(3-beta-hydroxy-20(29)-lupen-28-yl)-8-aminooctanoyl)-3-amino-6-chlorobenzoic acid], useful as antiviral agents against HIV (no data) and the herpes family of viruses (no data), are prepd. and a 1-contg. formulation presented.

MSTR 1



DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts  
 MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: substitution is restricted  
 STE: and stereoisomers

L10 ANSWER 46 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

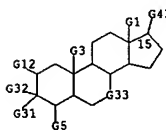
L10 ANSWER 47 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 120:107475 MARPAT  
 TITLE: preparation of 4-alkenylsterols and analogs as  
 anticholesteremics  
 INVENTOR(S): Archer, Robert Allen; Beavers, Lisa Selsam; Gadske,  
 Robert Alan; Lin, Ho Shen; McClure, Don B.; McCowan,  
 Jefferson Ray; Pawlak, Joseph Matthew; Rampersaud,  
 Ashraff Ali; Schmidt, Robert John; et al.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lilly, Eli, and Co., USA  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 121 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 562849	A2	19930929	EP 1993-302261	19930324
EP 562849	A3	19940216		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
NO 9301117	A	19930928	NO 1993-1117	19930325
CA 2092766	AA	19930904	CA 1993-2092766	19930326
AU 9335514	A1	19930930	AU 1993-35514	19930326
HU 64082	A2	19931129	HU 1993-901	19930326
CN 1081682	A	19940209	CN 1993-105203	19930326
JP 06056670	A2	19940301	JP 1993-67968	19930326
ZA 9302178	A	19940926	ZA 1993-2178	19930326
BR 9301342	A	19931005	BR 1993-1342	19930329
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-858908	19920327
			US 1993-18985	19930303

AB Title compds. [I: R = OH, acyloxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, AcNH, etc.; R<sub>1</sub> = (halo)alkyl; R<sub>2</sub> = H, (halo)methyl; R<sub>3</sub> = H, (halo)alkyl, CH<sub>2</sub>CR<sub>6</sub>:CR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub>; R<sub>4</sub> = H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>X<sub>4</sub>; R<sub>5</sub> = A221X<sub>3</sub>; A, Z = bond, O, CHMe, CMe(OH), etc.; R<sub>6</sub> = H, halo, (halo)alk(en)yl; R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub> = H, halo, (halo)methyl; R<sub>6</sub>R<sub>7</sub> = atoms to complete a ring; X = O, H<sub>2</sub>, H and OH, H and halo, etc.; X<sub>3</sub> = H, Ph, OPh, halo, haloalkyl, OH, etc.; X<sub>4</sub> = H, OH, (halo)alkyl, (halo)alkoxy, etc.; Z<sub>1</sub> = (substituted) alk(en)ylene; n = 1-16; dashed lines = optional position of optional addnl. bond; were prepd. as upregulators of LDL receptor gene expression. Thus, (+)-4-cholesten-3-one was condensed with BrCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>:CH<sub>2</sub> and the product reduced to give title compd. II which reduced plasma cholesterol levels from 252 to 205 mg/dl in hypercholesteremic African green monkeys receiving 50 mg/kg/day in diet.

## MSTR 1A



L10 ANSWER 47 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

G33 = C(O)  
 DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts  
 MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: additional ring formation possible

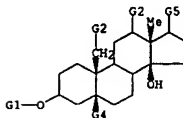
L10 ANSWER 48 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 119:271614 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of N-oxides of pyridazinylsteroid  
 glycosides as cardiovascular agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Bertolini, Giorgio; Casagrande, Cesare; Norcini,  
 Gabriele; Santangelo, Francesco  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zambon Group S.p.A., Italy  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 6 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 551953	A2	19930721	EP 1993-200087	19930114
EP 551953	A3	19940629		
EP 551953	B1	19960605		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
AT 138932	E	19960615	AT 1993-200087	19930114
ES 2088627	T3	19960816	ES 1993-200087	19930114
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IT 1992-M175	19920116

AB Title compds. [I: R = a glycidic group (sic); R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> = H, ORS; R<sub>3</sub> = H, OH; R<sub>4</sub> = 4-pyridazinyl-1- or 2-N-oxide; R<sub>5</sub> = H, HCO, Ac, EtCO, PrCO] were prepd. Thus, 3.beta.-(1.alpha.-L-tevetopyranosyloxy)-14-hydroxy-17.beta.-(4-pyridazinyl-2-N-oxide)-5.beta.,14.beta.-androstane, prepd. by 3-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H oxidn. of the corresponding pyridazinylsteroid glycoside, had K<sub>1</sub> of gtoeq.100.0 and 0.08 mM for binding at .alpha.1 and .alpha.3 isoforms of rat (Na<sup>+</sup> + K<sup>+</sup>)-ATPase, resp.

## MSTR 1



MPL: claim 1

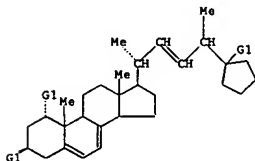
L10 ANSWER 49 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 119:226242 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation of 26,27-dimethylene-1.alpha.,25-dihydroxyvitamin D2 for treatment of bone disease  
 INVENTOR(S): Deluca, Hector Floyd; Nakagawa, Naoshi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation, USA  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 549318	A2	19930630	EP 1992-311681	19921222
EP 549318	A3	19931006		
EP 549318	B1	19961016		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, IT, LI, NL, SE				
AU 9230362	A1	19930701	AU 1992-30362	19921222
AU 656829	B2	19950216		
AT 144250	E	19961115	AT 1992-311681	19921222
JP 05271183	A2	19931019	JP 1992-358790	19921228
JP 3195452	B2	20010806		
US 5397775	A	19950314	US 1993-70500	19930602
US 5478955	A	19951226	US 1994-337110	19941110
US 5494906	A	19960227	US 1995-435649	19950505
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-813852	19911226
			US 1993-70500	19930602
			US 1994-337110	19941110

AB Title compds. (I; R1 = H, R2 = Me, or vice versa), were prepd. Thus, hydroxybutanoate II was converted in several steps to sulfone III (TES = Et3Si). This in THF was treated with LiNEt2 at -50 to -60.degree. the mixt. was cooled to -78.degree. and treated with (20S)-1.alpha.,3.beta.-bis(methoxycarbonyloxy)-20-methylpregna-5,7-dien-21-al to give a residue which was treated with Ac2O/DMAp to give another residue which was treated with Na/Hg and NaHCO3 in MeOH/THF to give 65.21 triene deriv. This was converted to title compd. I (R1 = Me, R2 = H) in several steps. I have reduced bone calcium mobilization activity relative to 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D3, and are at least as active in cell differentiation and receptor binding activities.

MSTR 1



L10 ANSWER 50 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 119:160646 MARPAT  
 TITLE: Preparation and formulation of angiostatic steroids  
 INVENTOR(S): Clark, Abbot F.; Conrow, Raymond E.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Alcon Laboratories, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXX2D  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9310141	A2	19930527	WO 1992-US10133	19921123
WO 9310141	A3	19930902		
V: AU, CA, JP, US				
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE				
US 5371078	A	19941206	US 1992-941485	19920908
AU 9332235	A1	19930615	AU 1993-32235	19921123
AU 678961	B2	19970619		
EP 614463	A1	19940914	EP 1993-900609	19921123
EP 614463	B1	20030212		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, SE				
JP 07501081	T2	19950202	JP 1993-509563	19921123
JP 3378245	B2	20030217		
AT 232540	E	20030215	AT 1993-900609	19921123
US 5679666	A	19971021	US 1994-342524	19941121
US 5770592	A	19980623	US 1997-895184	19970716
WO 9903503	A1	19990128	WO 1998-US12711	19980618
V: AU, BR, CA, JP, MX, US				
R: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
AU 9881515	A1	19990210	AU 1998-81515	19980618
AU 734195	B2	20010607		
EP 1003553	A1	20000531	EP 1998-931367	19980618
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
BR 9811012	A	20001017	BR 1998-11012	19980618
JP 2001510170	T2	20010731	JP 2000-502798	19980618
MX 9911140	A	20000430	MX 1999-11140	19991202
US 6297228	B1	20011002	US 1999-445237	19991202
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-796169	19911122
			US 1992-892448	19920602
			US 1992-941485	19920908
			US 1988-264918	19881031
			US 1989-419226	19891010
			US 1990-559123	19900727
			WO 1992-US10133	19921123
			US 1994-342524	19941121
			US 1997-895184	19970716
			WO 1998-US12711	19980618

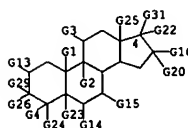
AB Title compds. (I and II; R1 = H, .beta.-Me, .beta.-Et, R2 = H, F, Cl; R3 = H, alkoxy, alkanoyloxy, halo, O2CNH2, etc.; R2R3 = bond, O; R5 = H, OH, halo, Me, Ph, vinyl, alkyl, R6 = H, Me; R9 = H, OH, Me, F, 2-(alkoxy)ethyl, 2-(alkanoyloxy)ethyl, etc.; R10 = H, C.tplbond.CH, vinyl, halo, OH, Me, etc.; R12 = H; R1R12 = bond; R13 = H, OH, alkoxy, NH2, etc.; R14 = H; R12R14 = bond; R25 = OH, alkoxy, alkanoyloxy, CO2H, CH2OH, etc.; Z = CHR4, etc.; R4 = H, Me, Cl, F) were prepd. Thus, tetrahydrocortisol-F was converted in 3 steps to 5.beta.-pregnan-11.beta.,17.alpha.,21-triol-2-one. 4,9(11)-Pregnadiene-17.alpha.,21-diol-3,20-dione gave complete

L10 ANSWER 49 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

MPL: claim 4

L10 ANSWER 50 OF 50 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 inhibition of lipopolysaccharide-induced corneal neovascularization in rabbit eye at 50 .mu.g in a pellet implant.

MSTR 1



MPL: claim 1  
 NTE: substitution is restricted  
 NTE: additional steroid derivatives allowed



=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:49:06 ON 12 NOV 2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:49:10 ON 12 NOV 2003

L1           STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2           50 S L1  
L3           2415 S L1 FULL  
L4           STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L5           640 S L4 FULL SUB=L3

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:52:45 ON 12 NOV 2003

L6           147 S L5  
L7           1 S L6 NOT PY>=1992  
L8           1 S L6 NOT PY>=1991

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 10:54:53 ON 12 NOV 2003

L9           50 S L5  
L10          50 S L9 NOT PY>=1991

FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 11:02:51 ON 12 NOV 2003

L11          622 S L1 FULL

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 11:03:41 ON 12 NOV 2003

L12          49 S L5  
L13          0 S L12 NOT PY>=1991

10/084,235

Page 1

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